Beaver & Gephart

Bellefonte Republican.

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Established in 1869.} us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN Terms: $1.50 per Year

That Same Old Coon

Republicans Victorious!

A SWEEPING VICTORY IN THE OLD KEYSTONE.

OHIO TURNS IN A BIG MAJONITY FOR MAJOR McKINLEY.

THE DEMOCRATS CARRY NEW YORK AND MASSACHUSETTS.

PHILADELPAIA, November 3.—At midnight returns from twenty-one counties, including Allegheny but exclusive of Philadelphia, show a net republican gain of 1,648 for Gregg for auditor general and about the same for Morrison, republican, for state treasurer, Philadelphia county returns are coming in slowly, but one-fourth of the wards being in at this hour. These indicate, however, that the republicans will carry the city by about 20,000 and that the republican majority in the entire state will not be less than 40,000. The republicans also elect their city ticket, McCreary, for city treasurer, having already 12,737 majority, with eleven wards yet to hear from. Shields, republican, for register of wills, is running ahead of his ticket and will undoubtedly have not less than 20,000 majority. The proposition for holding a constitutional convention was overwhelmingly defeated.

PHILADELPHIA, November 4·—1 A. M.—The city of Philadelphia, with one ward to hear from, gives Gregg, for auditor general 28,180 plurality. Forty-two counties out of sixty-six in the state, exclusive of Philadelphia, give Gregg 24,793 plurality. Morrison, for state treasurer, runs about even with Gregg. Gregg now has 52,873 plurality, which will be made larger. McCreary, for city treasurer, with four missing wards to hear from, has 20,906 majority.

McKINLEY IN OHIO.

COLUMBUS, O., November 3 —At 11 p. m· Chairman Hahn, on meagre returns received, claims McKinley's plurality at about 20,000 in the state. At the same hour Governor Campbell said it was too early to make an estimate, though he felt confident as to the vote in Cincinnati, and Hamilton county did not show the republican increase which had been claimed. Campbell has telegrams from Canton, McKinley's home, saying six precincts show democratic gains of 56 and two wards in Middletown, Butler county, show a democratic gain of 12.

COLUMBUS, November 3.—At midnight Governor Campbell concedes the election of McKinley bv 15,000 plurality.

FLOWER IN NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, November 3.—Roswell P. Flower was elected to-day as governor of New York to succeed David B. Hill. His plurality is estimated at between 18,000 and 24,000. Fasset did not carry Elmira, his own city, Flower beating him there by 504 votes. This city gave Flower 58,000 plurality and Brooklyn gave him 14,000 Returns received from districts outside of New York and Kings county indicate that Fassett was meeting Folger's fate. In Jefferson, Clinton, Essex, Montgomery and Wyoming counties he was far behind the vote cast for Miller. Flower's gains on a decreased vote were ahead of Hill's. The full vote of Hornellsville, which is in Fassett's senatorial district shows a democretic gain of 52. Watertown's four wards show a gain 500 for Flower. The democrats are gaining assemblymen in the state. Sheehan is not doing as well as Flower, but his election is assured. At 10 o'clock Governor Hill sent a telegram to Police Commissioner Martin claiming the state for Flower by 40,000 plurality. Flower carries the republican Eighth district by 2,500. Flower's own estimate of his majority in the state is 25,000.

I Crow for Morrison

RUSSELL IN MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, November 3 —Returns are unprecedently slow. Twenty-one towns give an average republican gain of 16¼. This indicates a total republican gain in 354 towns of the state of 5,824. Russell's plurality last year was 9.053.

Governor Russell this evening sent the following message to Chairman Murphy, of the New York democratic state committee: "Enormous vote; probably elected by 5,000 majority."

Later returns to the governor and his friends show that his estimate was none too high. Mr. Cocran, who was with the governor, also expressed confidence that his vote in the state would be sufficient to elect him. The lieutanent governor and everybody felt highly elated over the outlook. The Journal and Advertiser, both republican, concede Russell's election by 3,000.

From Michigan.

GRAND RAPIDS, November 3.—Belknap republican candidate in the Fifth congressional district, will be returned by from 1,200 to 1,500 majority. The late Congressman Ford carried the district by 2,600 last falll

DETROIT, November 3. The returns are slow, but the indications are that the republicans will elect their city ticket by a large majority.

Iowa Returns

DES MOINES, November 3.—Out of a total of 1,927 precincts 111 precincts give Wheeler 15,454; Boies 14,283. The same precincts in 1889 gave Hutchinson 13,593; Boies 12,369, a net republican gain of 293.

WILL SETTLE IT IN COURT.

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., Nov. 2.—The great quarrel between the Catholics and Protestants regarding the public schools is about to come to a head. The Minnesota division of the Patriotic Sons of America met here in secret last night, 300 delegates being present from all parts of the State and resolved to call in the aid of the courts to stop the turning over of parochial schools to public school boards.

Those of Faribault and Stillwater and part of those of St. Paul had already become part of the public school system. Eugene Rooks, the attorney of the order, was instructed to begin legal proceedings with the service of an injunction upon the financial officials of the State, county and city, restraining the payment of any money to the school boards of Stillwater and Faribault.

A subscription of $1,000 was raised to carry on the work. This action is taken on the report of Rev. Merrill, that the Catholic religion was still part of the curriculum in the old parochials.

ENGLISH PREJUDICE IN IT.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2. The instructions issued by the Secretary of the Navy to the United States squadron on the coast of Chile at the beginning of the Chilean disturbance, and dated March 26, were made public to-night. Secretary Tracy says:

"These instructions have been rigorously adhered to throughout. In no single instance have they been departed from. They prove conclusively that the charges of partiality, made by the English newspapers, are untruths, and that they have been invented in order to prejudice the Chileans against the United States for commercial purposes."

VERY SAD INCIDENT.

We read of a sad circumstances at Unionville, Centre county, on the Bald Eagle Valley railroad, eight miles west of Bellefonte. Lawrence Brisbin and wife had been married four years and had three children, the youngest only five weeks old, and at this important and eventful period of their history both parents were taken down with the typhoid fever. On Friday morning last the young wife and mother died, leaving her sick husband, whose grief when he learned of her death, was very great indeed. Mrs. Brisbin was only 27 years old and under the circumstances her death is pitiable to think about. It is hoped that Mr. B. will recover, though his case is a very serious one.

PROTECTION TO AMERICAN INDUSTRIES!!

Vote of Centre County for 1891

Districts.	Audit'r Gener'l		State Treas		Con. Conven		Con. Con. Delegates			Jury Commr	
	Gregg	Wright	Morrison	Tilden	For	Against	Kress, R.	Orvis D.	Bigler, D.	Aley, R.	Bower, D.
Bellefonte N. W	192	105	191	101	35	261	179	108	99	184	98
" S. W	101	147	101	148	47	181	91	149	145	95	145
" W. W	66	42	66	42	25	75	54	57	40	63	40
Milesburg											
Millheim	93	91	92	91	92	71	90	92	92	95	65
Centre Hall	21	72	21	72	13	75	12	67	67	18	70
Howard											
Philipsburg, 1st W	95	48	95	48	29	118	98	47	48	95	46
" 2d W											
" 3d W											
Unionville											
Benner twp											
Boggs " W. P	39	100	39	100	29	106	35	93	93	35	100
" " E. P											
" " N. P											
Burnside twp	31	18	31	18	31	17	31	17	17	31	18
College " E. P											
" " W. P											
Curtin "	22	21	21	22	27	15	25	17	17	24	15
Ferguson " W. P	62	46	62	46	85	46	43	46	45	47	47
" " E. P											
Howard twp	88	43	88	46	8	117	81	46	46	88	46
Gregg " N. P											
" " S. P	75	179	72	181	18	223	69	183	184	70	108
Haines " W P											
" E. P											
Half Moon twp	87	97	87	98	1	131	32	98	98	39	95
Harris "	77	28	8	30	20	72	66	29	29	7	29
Huston "											
Liberty "	97	62	66	62	32	92	85	60	60	92	59
Marion "	28	75	32	71	53	47	31	69	69	41	60
Miles "	50	243	50	243	46	221	4	23	234	48	240
Patton "											
Penn "	22	156	22	156	13	162		151	151	33	133
Potter " N· P											
" " S P	38	145	37	147	11	165	3	145	145	36	147
Rush " N. P											
Rush " S P											
Snow Shoe " E P	63	67	63	66	46	76	12	66	66	62	66
" " W P											
Spring " S P											
" " W P											
" " N P											
Taylor "	43	44	53	44	16	73	46	43	4	48	44
Union "											
Walker "											
Worth "											
Totals	63	36	63	36	22	41	61	34	34	60	37
Majorities											

QUAY WILL SUE FOR LIBEL.

PITTSBURG, October 29.—United States Senator M. S. Quay retained counsel to-day to ipstitute suits against the Pittsburg Post and other papers throughout the state that published the fac-simile of the Bardsley certificate of deposit yesterday. The attorneys engaged are Hon. Thomas M. Marshal, Major R. A. Montooth and John S. Robb. Mr. Marshal stated to a reporter that civil action would be brought against the Post for $100,000 damages, and criminal suits entered against Chairman Kerr, of the democratic state committee. The papers are now being prepared and will be filed this afternoon.

Matthew Stanley Quay entered suits for criminal libel this afternoon against Albert S Barr, president of the Pittsburg Post Publishing company, and James Mills, editor of the Post. The suits are the outgrowth of leading editorials yesterday and to-day on the Bardsley certificate of deposit, fac similes of which was also published in the Post. The affiant says the charges are false and malicious and that he never had any business with Bardsley, either as treasurer of the city of Philadelphia or as an individual. Warrants were issued for Barr and Mills, who came from their homes to-night and entered bail in the sum of $2,000 each for a hearing to-morrow afternoon. Papers in civil suit have also been prepared and will be filed to-morrow against the Post asking $100,000 damages. Senator Quay's counsel say that suits will be entered against the Beaver Star and probably two papers in Philadelphia. It is their intention, they say, to make information against State Chairman Kerr of the democratic committee for circulating the story.

Keep your eyes open: 25 cents buys Salvation Oil, the greatest cure on earth for pain.

Tourists to Yellowstone Park next season might encounter a northwestern blizzard. If they are wise men they will take along a supply of the famous Dr. Bull's Cough syrup.

Liberal salary and expenses paid. See advertisement in another column headed Good Salary by Sears, Henry & Co., Geneva, N. Y. They are a reliable firm.

JUDGE ORVIS SPEAKS.

RESUMES HIS ARGUMENT IN BEHALF OF THE ACCUSED OFFICIALS.

HHARRISBURG, October 29.—When the senate convened this morning, President Pro Tem. Gobin in the chair, a communication was read from Lieutenant S. A. Wolf, of the United States army, as follows: "Friday, October 30, at 10.30 a. m.; his excellency, Governor Robert E. Pattison, will review the battalion of cadets from the Pennsylvania State college in front of the executive mansion. We would be exceedingly pleased to extend the same courtesy to the senate if it can so arrange its business as to be present at that place or at some other to be designated by yourself." On motion of Senator Thompson the invitation was accepted and the senate will be present at the review.

Judge Orvis resumed his argument this morning in behalf of the accused state officials, his remarks and conclusions of law being applicable to both cases. He said it would be a difficult thing for him to dilate upon the law question involved without repeating in a large measure the able and exhaustive presentation of the constitutional points covered in the speech of Mr Shapley yesterday. Judge Orvis, however went into the question of jurisdiction and discussed several points of the argument of Mr. Shapley from a different point of view. An officer elected by the people, he said could not be removed except by death, resignation, the properly constituted judicial power, or some department having judicial functions. He cited the case of Commonwealth vs. Gammell and other authorities in support of this position.

In a cool, calm and dispassionate manner he went to the very roots of the constitutional structure of this government and showed wherein the power of impeachment and removal was originally vested. He outlined the difference in the distribution of the legislature, executive and judicial powers under the earlier constitution, and the clear and distinct distribution of judicial power under the more recent constitutions, showing that the senate as now convened in executive session has no power whatever to deal with the cases against the accused state officials. It is not sitting as a high court of impeachment and no charges have been made by the house of representatives, as required by the constitution. He enforced and emphasized the leading points of Mr. Shapley's argument and cited additional authorities to support his position that the courts only have the power to pass upon charges of misdemeanor or malfeasanee in office.

His main propositions were, first, that no citizen elected to office, commissioned and qualified, can be lawfully removed from that office, without being impeached, or indicted in court, tried and convicted; second, that the senate in extra session, nor the governor, nor both are authorized to try and determine the question of the guilt or innocence of any officer for crimes and misdemeanors in office.

A HUNDRED MILES AN HOUR.

Thomas A. Edison is confident that his newly perfected motor system for steam and street-car railroads will displace the steam locomotive. In an interview he said:

"Yes, it will displace steam if economy, as well as speed and safety, is a factor of locomotion; not because it will make easily a speed of 100 miles an hour, while steam strains itself to make sixty, but because it will get one-horse power out of from one to two pounds of cheap coal, while out of six pounds of high price coal a locomotive can only get that same one-horse power. It will displace it because it will be cheaper."

"When will it displace it?"

"It will begin to do it between Chicago and Milwaukee at the world's fair." Mr. Edison continued: "In pioneering you have to have a man with nerve to adopt your ideas. I have found the man. He is Henry Villard. It is his idea to have this system in operation between Chicago and Milwaukee during the exposition. He intends to demonstrate that there need be no such thing as waiting for trains between cities now considered a long distance apart. He intends to run a train, say, of two cars, every twenty minutes."

Mr. Edison was disinclined to describe his invention. "I will say briefly that the current will pass from the stationary engine to a central rail between the tracks, thence through the machinery attached to the bottom of the cars or motor. A freight train, of course, would need a motor, because of the number of cars, although a single passenger-car could be run carrying its own motor beneath it, thence to the wheels, and thence back by the side rails to the power house or stationary engine. Three of these, with a horse-power of 10,000 to 12,000 each, would run the whole Pennsylvania railroad system between New York and Philadelphia.

I Crow for McKinley

I CAN'T CROW—CAMPBELL

IN CENTRE COUNTY.

THE VOTE LIGHT BUT REPUBLICAN GAINS LARGE.

Tuesday was one of the most quiet election days ever witnessed in Bellefonte. Had it not been for the little excitement created by men going to and from the polls it would have been hard for a stranger to have told there was an election. The vote was light, not only in Bellefonte, but all over the county. The majority of the returns have been received and from them it is seen that the republicans have made gains all over the county, as the democratic majority will not be more than 500 as against 1500 last fall. The constitutional convention is badly snowed under Centre county giving about 2000 majority against it.

During the entire day on Tuesday the democrats were rather over jubilant, caused no doubt, by the fact that in Bellefonte they were getting out a larger percentage of their party vote than were the republicans. This fact was proven in the evening when the vote was counted and it was found that the Republican majority in the borough was only 64. Of course, under such circumstances, they could not be blamed for feeling good, but in the evening when the returns began to come in their look of happiness soon gave place to one of concern and that to one of defeat, and it was yet early in the evening when the leaders had heard enough to suit them and most all went home and to bed.

It was quite different with the republicans; their spirits only commenced to go up about nine o'lock and from that on till the "wee sma' hours" the club room in Bush's Arcade was filled all eager to hear the news from the county, state and McKinley. When it was certain that the old Keystone had stood by its colors manfully and that that old father of protection, Major McKinley, was elected in Ohio, there was no end of rejoicing. Now the people can see how the current of popular opinion runs. The party that seeks out and punishes corrupt and rascally office holders is the party "of the people and for the people" In an other place we give the vote of Centre county by precints so far as the returns heve been received up to the hour of going to press.

—The young people of Bellefonte are endeavoring to start a more thorough branch of the Christian Endeavor Society. We wish them success.

I Crow for Gregg!

A QUERE RACE.

[Continued.]

"Anyhow, it is not the rats that gave poor Bailey the fever; he got it in the 'Lady Jane,' and nobody can blame me for that. Who could tell beforehand that she was a fever ship?"

To this query I made no answer. I knew what he was driving at. In the event of the fever spreading, he wanted to make out that it had been brought on board by Bailey; that the rats had nothing to do with it. I felt annoyed that he should thus try to wriggle out of the responsibility he had incurred by taking the "Lady Jane" in tow, and only the fact of my being his guest prevented me from saying so. If he had been less obstinate, he would have cast her off at once, for besides taking us out of our course, she was greatly impeding our progress; and with fever on board our own vessel, and a fever ship in tow, no port in that part of the world would receive us; what he would do with the "Lady Jane" in such circumstances as these was a mystery.

Bailey's death naturally caused great alarm, both among the passengers and crew. The captain tried to persuade them that it was merely an isolated case, and that he had adopted such precautions as would prevent the pest from spreading. I don't think, though, that anybody believed him. I know I did not. The rats, I felt sure, would infect the whole ship, and it was quite possible that the fate of the "Lady Jane's" crew would be our—and mine—for the more imminent grew the danger the less confident I felt in my supposed immunity.

We dined at half past five on board the "Diana." The party generally consisted of the seven passengers, the captain (who presided) and sometimes the first or second officer. The bell rang fifteen minutes before the time, and again at the half hour, when, as a rule, we were all in our places, except Bulnois who was in the habit of unduly prolonging his afternoon nap, and about every other day had to be wakened up by a special messenger.

This happened on the day Bailey was buried, and the conversation with the captain which I have just described took place.

"Where is Mr. Bulnois?" asked Peyton, when we were all seated. Asleep, as usual, I suppose. Steward, send a boy to rouse him up, and say that dinner is on the table."

Just as we were beginning with our soup the boy came back to say that Mr. Bulnois was very ill—had a bad headache, was very sick, and could not come to dinner.

We all looked at each other. My companions turned pale, and I have no doubt I did; for the same thought passed through every mind—Bulnois had got yellow fever. It was like the handwriting on the wall at Belshazzer's feast. The foe was inside the citadel, and each of us was mentally asking himself whose turn it would be next.

The captain was the first to break the silence.

"A trifling indisposition, I expect," he said, with an affected nonchalance which matched ill with his anxious face. "Bulnois is subject to headaches, I think. I will go and see him presently, and give him something that will do him good Very likely an attack of indigestion."

The captain looked round as if to invite an expression of opinion in accordance with his own; but nobody answered a word and the dinner was finished hurriedly, and in deep, almost solemn silence. But when Peyton left us to see poor Bulnois, every tongue was loosened.

"He is among us now, and no mistake," said Robinson.

"Who!"

"Yellow Jack. You must have brought him when you went aboard the 'Lady Jane' the other day, Erle."

"That is impossible. I was not there two minutes, and I came back as naked as I went. Besides, if I had brought it, I should have been the first victim."

"Well, how is it, then? I can understand that quarter-master getting it. But Bulnois never went near him, and at luncheon he seemed quite well, and ate with good appetite."

"I'll tell you what it is," put in Saunders, the bank clerk, a quiet, observant little fellow. "It's those rats."

"Rats! What the deuce have rats to do with it?"

"Everything. I can see it all now. There was not a rat on board before Tuesday. I have inquired among the men, and I can not find anybody who saw a single specimen until Wednesday, and now they simply swarm; and was it not on Wednesday morning that the captain had those guards put on the hawsers to prevent rats running over them from the 'Lady Jane.' Depend upon it, he knows, only it does not suit his purpose to say so. Have you not noticed how he fires up when anything is said about rats?"

"By Jove! I do believe you are right. And it all comes of taking that cursed fever ship in tow. Peyton deserves to be thrown overboard."

"No, no," I said; "Peyton is one of the best fellows in the world. He acted for the best, and took every precaution. Who could foresee that rats would come aboard by a hawser?"

"He had no business to run the risk—a risk that involved others as well as himself—of taking a fever ship in tow; and what makes it worse, he did it for his own profit. We have no interest in the salvage."

After this I thought it discreet to let the subject drop, for in truth my friend's conduct was almost, if not altogether indefensible.

"Never mind about the captain," interposed somebody. "What are we to do? that is the question."

"What can we do but grin and abide?" I answered. "There is no possibility of running away."

"But cannot we take something—brandy or quinine; or do something with carbolic acid?"

"Carbolic is merely a disinfectant: it is being used all over the ship already; brandy, I should think, is about the worst thing you could take, and quinine about the best. A manual of medicine I was looking at yesterday, in the captain's cabin, recommends strong doses of quinine as a prophylactic."

"Let us have some!"—"Where can we get it?"—"Has the captain any?"—"How much should we take?" shouted the five passengers.

I said that I believed the captain had some; and when he returned from seeking Bulnois they asked him for quinine even before they inquired after their sick friend.

He had some, though not very much, and gave each man a small dose forthwith.

Bulnois was very ill; Peyton could not deny that his symptoms were those of yellow fever; and if he had denied it I should have known that he was wrong, for I had been reading the subject up. I had seen Bailey, and the moment I saw poor Bulnois (none of the other fellows would go near him) I recognized all the signs of the dread disease in its incipient stage—the shivering, the hot skin, the suffused eyeballs, the drunken-like aspect of the eyes, and the flushed zone that encircled them.

Poor fellow! we could do nothing for him; I doubt whether the ablest physician in England could have done anything for him. He died delirious on the second day.

In the meantime three of the crew had fallen ill, and they, too, died; and after that there were several deaths every day; within a week of the outbreak of the fever, the forty-six souls whom the "Diana" had on board when she sailed from Liverpool were reduced to twenty-five. Yet the virulence of the plague did not abate. It seemed as if we should all perish, and I do not think there were more than two men aboard who believed they would escape.

These two were Bolsover and myself. I had gone so much among the sick, exposing myself continually to the risk of contagion without suffering the least ill effect, that I began to think my immunity was real, after all, and that I ran no more risk of taking the fever than a man who has been effectively vaccinated runs of taking small-pox.

The boatswain was like Bonaparte—he believed in his star.

"I am not afraid, Mr. Erle," he said to me one day; "my time has not come yet. I am bound to see that treasure-ship before I die."

It was about this time that Bucklow (now first officer, his senior being among the dead) took me to the stern, and pointing to the water, said grimly—

"There they are, waiting for us. They have been following us these last three days."

"They" were five or six huge sharks, swimming in the wake of the ship. I looked at them for awhile as if fascinated, and then with a shudder turned away. I never went near the taffrail that I did not look, and they were always close under the stern.

As for Peyton, I thought he was going mad. He attended to his duties as diligently as ever, looked after the sick as well as he could, and kept the survivors of his crew to their duties, took the day's reckoning, and recorded the day's run; but he hardly ever spoke, except to give necessary orders.

For hours together he would pace about the quarter-deck, muttering—"It's my doing! it's all my doing! We shall all die! we shall all die! but my time has not come yet!"

Once, when I ventured to suggest that he should cast the "Lady Jane" off (at the instance of some of the men, who had got it into their heads that so long as we had the fever ship in tow the fever would never leave us) he turned on me almost fiercely.

"No!" he exclaimed; "I shall not cast her off. Why should I? What harm has she done? I am doomed—we are all doomed—and the salvage will be a provision for my wife and family. Don't you understand? A provision for my wife and family, that's why. But it's useless to discuss the subject or give my reasons. I absolutely refuse to cast the ship off; let that suffice."

He was doomed, but not to die of yellow fever.

The very next morning, when I went on deck, Bucklow told me, with a significant look, that the captain had been taken ill in the night, and seemed in a very bad way.

I went to him at once. Bucklow spoke truly. The captain was, in truth, in a very bad way. He had all the symptoms which I now knew so well. Although the temperature of his cabin was nearly eighty, and his skin hot and dry, he shivered continually. He had a terrible headache, too, and, albeit still sensible, rambled at times in his talk, and I doubted not would soon become quite delirious.

"Yellow Jack has got hold of me now," he said, trying to smile. "I thought he would; but not so soon, not so soon. I was quite well last night. What think you now—is a man safer at sea or ashore? Are these adventures to your taste, Erle? You will have more, more, and pleasanter ones, I hope. Sorry I asked you to come with me. Turned out badly, hasn't it? If I had known what would happen, you may be sure I would have given that brig a wide berth. But now it is too late! and the salvage, you know, will be a provision for the wife and children. Poor wife! poor children! I shall never see them again, Erle—never again! Give them my love when you get home, and say I thought about them to the last. I knew your father; he was a very good friend; yes, a very good friend. I was second officer of the 'Orontes' when he and your mother were passengers: you were a passenger, too—a little chap about two years old. I remember you well; used to trot you about on my shoulder. How did they get to St. Thomas'? That is where they came on board. Oh, I remember—in a falucha from Maracaibo; yes, that was it—in a falucha from Maracaibo. I say, what do you think I saw in the night?"—lowering his voice, and looking fearfully round. "Rats! Hundreds! They ran all over the place, and played at leap-frog on my bed—they did—played at leap-frog on my bed. And I could neither touch them nor call out. My arms were fastened to my sides, and my tongue refused to move. And what do you think? But don't tell anybody. A great yellow one—twice as big as any of the others—a great yellow one, with black whiskers, and white teeth, and fierce red eyes, came and sat on my chest and spat at me. It gave me the fever, curse it! Get dogs and cats; set traps; lay poison. Kill it! kill it! Kill that cursed yellow rat, or you will all die. A little more of that *eau-de-Cologne*, please; on my eyeballs this time. Thanks. And now I will drink again. This thirst is terrible. I am very ill, Erle."

I remained with him an hour or more, laving his head with *eau-de-Cologne* and giving him some drink, and then, leaving him with his boy for awhile, I went outside to get a breath of fresh air, the cabin being both close and hot.

Bucklow was still on deck.

"How long will he last, do you think?" he asked.

"Perhaps until to-morrow," I answered, gloomily. "They have all gone on the second day, or sooner, so far; and Peyton has it very badly. I am afraid he will be wildly delirious. Somebody should be with him continually."

"You have left the boy, I suppose?"

"Yes; and I shall go back in a few minutes."

"How long will this last, I wonder? It's hell! I'll tell you what, Erle. I have a great mind to cast that cursed brig off on my own authority. We have had no luck since we saw her. I am in command now. Do you think I might?"

"Certainly. Cast her off, by all means, and let us make all the haste we can for Montevideo, while there's somebody to navigate and sail the ship; and if—"

"Rats! Rats! Rats! There's that great yellow one with the red eyes! I'll catch him, if I die for it! Ah! he is making for the 'Lady Jane,' is he—!"

"My God! what is that?" exclaimed Bucklow, as we both turned from the taffrail, over which we had been leaning.

It was the captain running across the deck in his shirt, and at the same instant, and before either of us could raise a hand to stop him, he sprung on the bulwark and jumped into the sea.

The mate, with ready presence of mind, threw a buoy after him, at the same time ordering the ship to be brought to and a boat to be lowered.

My first impulse was to follow Peyton and try to save him.

"Don't!" said Bucklow, laying his hand on my shoulder. "He can swim better than you can. And, see, it would be certain death."

The captain was swimming with powerful strokes toward the "Lady Jane," in the very midst of a shoal of sharks. They were all round him, and even before he reached the brig one of the creatures turned on its back for the fatal bite. An agonized scream, a piteous look from a fever-stricken face, a swirl of the waters as the wild beasts of the sea fought with each other for their prey, and all was over.

It seemed too terrible to be real. My brain was in a whirl; I felt sick and giddy; and had not Bucklow put his arm around me, I should have fallen on the deck.

"Don't give way," he said, kindly. "Horrid sight as it was, it is perhaps better so. Poor Peyton has been spared a long agony. It was not three minutes from the time of his jumping overboard to his death. I'd rather die like that than as some of our poor fellows have died. Just one crunch, and it's over. Come! I am going to cast the brig off. I cannot bear the sight of her."

"Sink her, and so prevent the disasters that have befallen us from befalling others."

"We cannot. She is timber laden."

"Burn her, then."

"I did not think of that. Yes, we will burn her; and those cursed rats with her, if there are any left. Will you come with me? and we will set her on fire, and bring those two fellows off. How they have escaped, Heaven only knows."

"With all my heart."

The dingey was lowered at once, and taking with us matches, axes, and a carboy of turpentine, we went on board the "Lady Jane."

After opening the ports and hatches to make a good draught, we gathered together all the combustible material we could find, and took it to the place where the ship's stores were kept—cordage, spare sails, tar, and what not—drenched them with turpentine and the contents of a cask of rum (which we found on board), put a second cask in the middle of the pile, fired it in several places, and when it was fairly alight, got into the dingey and returned to the "Diana" with Smithers and McKean.

"She is as dry as a bone," said Bucklow, "and will burn like matchwood."

"Cast her off!" he cried, as soon as we were on board. "By Jove, look there!"

The hawsers were covered with rats trying to escape, and as they reached the guards and could get no further, those behind thrust the foremost into the sea. Even when the hawsers were loosed the rats continued their mad flight, and went on pushing each other to certain destruction.

In a few minutes smoke and flame were coming up the brig's hatchways; then the decks took fire; great tongues leaped up and twisted like fiery serpents round the masts, and the "Lady Jane" was all ablaze from stem to stern. The timber in the hold also took fire, and when the sea broke in and extinguished it, the loosened logs of wood were floated out of the hull; and as the fever ship disappeared, a loud cheer went up from the survivors of the "Diana's" crew.

CHAPTER X.—MUTINY.

The destruction of the brig lightened every heart on board.

Sailors are proverbially superstitious, and the scenes they had witnessed and the anxiety they had endured had made a deep impression on the remnant of the "Diana's" crew, and wound them up to a high pitch of excitement. As our misfortunes had begun with the "Lady Jane," the poor fellows thought they would end with her. Having, moreover, come to regard Captain Peyton as a Jonah, they looked on his tragic death as at once a judgment and an expiation, and made sure that now he was gone the luck would change.

Even Bucklow, educated man as he was, could not help sharing in this hallucination; and the alacrity with which he changed the ship's course, and the energetic and almost cheery manner in which he gave his orders, showed how greatly his mind was relieved.

"I, too, was glad we had got rid of the brig—like Bucklow, I hated the very sight of her—but I could neither share in the general confidence, nor believe that in getting rid of the fever ship we had got rid of the fever. I was too much depressed to be hopeful, and I had read in one of the medical books which formed part of Peyton's library that a high temperature favored the development of yellow fever; that the most certain cure for it is cold weather. But during the last day or two the temperature had risen and the wind fallen off, and as we were now making direct for the equator, there was every likelihood of our having it still warmer. The brig, moreover, had done her worst, so to speak; her contiguity ceased to be a danger, and the chief advantage of her disappearance was that it encouraged the men, and enabled us to make better speed: although as our coal was nearly done, Bucklow thought it better to stop the engine and unship the screw.

Great gains, so far as they went; but I could not believe that they were sufficient to stay the plague. Bucklow was more sanguine and superstitious.

"The omens are all good, Erle," he exclaimed, clapping me on the back. "There has not been a fresh case since yesterday, except poor Peyton's; the wind is freshing—we shall be doing six knots soon if this goes on—and look there! those white-bellied devils have left us."

So they had. Not a shark was to be seen.

I confess that at first this rather staggered me; one cannot help believing just a little in omens; and dumb creatures have very subtle instincts—still, how on earth can sharks have any ideas about yellow fever? There must be some other cause. Ah! I think I have it.

"Yes, they are gone, sure enough," I said. "But I am afraid— Don't you think the burning of the brig has something to do with it? I have heard that sharks are easily scared, and the blaze and the heat, and the fall of burning embers into the water, might easily frighten much bolder animals."

"What a croaker you are, Erle! Why cannot you let a fellow cherish a pleasing illusion?—if it be an illusion—and really, you know, I don't think it is. These creatures' senses are very acute, and it is quite conceivable that their leaving us is a good sign."

"I should be glad to think so. But what do you call that?" I asked, pointing to the dorsal fin of a shark which just then appeared above the water.

"Heaven help us! they are coming back! And what a monster! Five-and-thirty feet if it is an inch! And there is another. How will it all end, Erle?"

"That is more than I can say; but I am quite sure that it will end neither better nor worse because those sharks have come back. I suppose it is their nature to follow in a ship's wake."

But Bucklow shook his head; the incident had made a deep impression on him, and he evidently put more faith in omens than he was willing to admit.

For the next two days, however, things did go better with us; there was no fresh cases, and two sailors who had been taken ill before the captain died seemed as if they might recover. At any rate, it was past the third day, and they were still alive, which showed, I thought, that the malady was losing something of its virulence.

But the improvement was short-lived. The breeze did not take us very far, and when it fell off the heat became intense, and two patients died, and we had several fresh cases. In several instances men died without being laid up. There was a suppression of some of the secretions, intense pain in the limbs lasting for a few hours, and the sufferers were struck down on the deck. It was probably in this way that the poor creatures whose bodies we found on the "Lady Jane" came by their end.

The crew, now reduced to less than a score, were sorely discouraged by this change for the worse. Sick of disappointed hope, they became desperate and demoralized; the bonds of discipline were loosened, and Bucklow could hardly prevail on them to work the ship.

And no wonder. Let the reader imagine, if he can, what his own feelings would be if he were shut up in a house where a deadly and frightfully contagious disease was rife, where people were dying every day, and from which there was no possibility of escape.

"We shall have trouble," said Bucklow; "the men are in a very evil humor. I doubt if I shall ever get this ship to Montevideo. However, I will try my best, and more than that can no man do."

He kept the deck almost continually, and when he turned in for an hour's sleep, Bolsover (who now acted as mate) took the command. These two were the only officers left alive, and it was no longer possible to arrange the watches in the regular way. We had to do as well as we could, and I gave all the help in my power, which was not much, I fear, for I am no seaman. But I could keep them company, and now and then I took a turn at the wheel, for, short-handed as we were becoming, ability to steer might stand us in good stead.

I was getting up one morning rather past my usual time, for I had turned in late the night before, when Bucklow came to me in a state of suppressed excitement.

"I want you on deck," he said. "There is going to be a row. The men have got to the spirits, and are nearly all drunk and getting obstreperous—won't obey orders. The wind is freshening, too, and unless we take in sail we shall be in a mess."

I made haste with my dressing, and followed him on deck forthwith, first putting a revolver in my trousers pocket, by way of being ready for all emergencies.

Except the quarter-master at the wheel and a Swede, called Oscar, a decent, God-fearing man, all the hands were in the waist of the ship. They had broached a cask of rum, and were nearly all more or less drunk. Bucklow and Bolsover were remonstrating with them, and trying to persuade them to return to their duty and do as they were bid.

The answer was a laugh of defiance and a torrent of abuse.

"We'll work no more on this ship," shouted one fellow. "Let her go to the bottom, and be d——d to her."

"Come, come, men, be reasonable," remonstrated Bucklow. "It is very rough on you, I know; it is rough on all of us. But this sort of thing will do no good. The more you drink, the more likely you are to die."

"That's what we want. We want to die," hiccoughed a sailor, filling himself a glass of rum. "What's the use of living? Tell me that. What's the use of living on a fever ship like this 'ere? Better die of drink than be killed by Yellow Jack. Here goes"—tossing off the glass. "I swear I'll never be sober again! I'll die drunk! Hip, hip, hurrah!"

"I say, cap'n—you calls yourself cap'n, don't you?" said another, coming close up to Bucklow—"you just sheer off and leave us alone, or it'll be worse for you. We are the masters of this 'ere ship, and we mean to do what we d——d like!"

The words were hardly out of the fellow's mouth when Bucklow knocked him down, and then, with a gesture of anger and disgust, the mate turned on his heel, which he had no sooner done than one of the cowardly scoundrels, who had crept behind him unperceived, struck him a terrible blow on the head with a belaying-pin.

But he was quickly avenged.

As Bucklow reeled and fell, I drew my revolver and shot his assailant dead. Then, pointing the still smoking weapon at the others, I bade them throw the cask of rum overboard.

The death of their comrade had scared, if not sobered them, and I was obeyed on the instant.

"Is there any more, Bolsover?" I asked.

"Yes, sir; two casks."

"Fetch them here and throw them overboard."

This was done.

In the meanwhile Oscar, the Swede, and one or two of the men who were more sensible than the rest, had raised poor Bucklow up and carried him into the captain's cabin. He was badly hurt, and quite insensible. After doing all I could for him, bathing and plastering up the wound on his head, and leaving him in charge of our only surviving boy, I went on deck again, and found that those of the men who were not absolutely drunk and incapable were shortening sail under Bolsover's directions.

"You've frightened 'em, sir," said the boatswain. "The way you shot down that scoundrel Smithers was a caution."

"It was done on the impulse of the moment, Bolsover; my revolver seemed to go off by itself," I returned; for Smithers still lay where he fell, in a pool of blood. The ghastly sight made me feel decidedly uncomfortable; I began to think that I had been too hasty.

"And a very good thing, too," said Bolsover. "Don't let that trouble you, sir. You served the fellow right; the men themselves think so. To strike down Mr. Bucklow was worse than murder—it was treason. If anything happens to him, there will be nobody to navigate the ship, and then what shall we do?"

"If anything happens to Mr. Bucklow! you surely don't think, Bolsover—"

"Well, that was a terrible crack on the head Smithers gave him; it's much if he ever speaks again, I think."

He never did! After remaining insensible for three days, the mate recovered consciousness, but not power of speech. He evidently wanted to say something, and made several vain yet desperate efforts to articulate; then with his eyes he bade me a pathetic farewell, pressed my hand, and quietly passed away.

Peace be to his ashes! I think Bucklow's death affected me more than any other which had yet occurred. It was not merely that it left us helpless and utterly incapable of taking the ship to her destination; I liked him personally. He was a courageous, open-hearted sailor, wise in council and prompt in action; and the loss of so many of our comrades had brought us into close companionship. I had come to entertain a warm affection for him, and he was the only one left with whom I could converse on terms of intellectual equality.

CHAPTER XI.—BECALMED.

After poor Bucklow's death, the fever became more virulent than ever, and if fewer died it was merely because fewer were left to kill. The contagion spread with portentous rapidity, the interval between the first seizure and the fatal close being often frightfully short.

At the end of the following week two only were left—Bolsover and myself. Of the forty-seven who had sailed from Liverpool, little more than a month previously, we were the sole survivors. All the rest slept their long sleep in the fathomless depths of the wild Atlantic.

What my feelings were I can hardly remember, and do not care to recall. I was stunned, overwhelmed, and, as it seemed, almost paralyzed by the stupendous nature of the calamity which had overtaken me, and by bitter grief for those who were gone. But for Bolsover I think I must have gone mad. He too sorrowed, in his own fashion, for our lost comrades; yet his grief seemed to sit lightly on him, and in his manner there was at times something that looked very like exultation, the cause of which I was at first at a loss to divine. But a casual expression he let drop enlightened me. He regarded his escape and mine as proof that we were the destined discoverers of the "Santa Anna."

Had I been less depressed, I should have been amused, probably have laughed at him. As it was, I thought it best not to answer him. You cannot argue with a monomaniac.

But on every other point the boatswain, as usual, was evidently sane and practical.

"There is only you and me now," he said, "and we can neither handle the ship nor navigate her; but we can do our best. There is no more sail on her than will give her steering way in a light breeze, and if it comes on to blow we shall may be not take much harm. You can steer pretty well now, and we must take the wheel turn and turn about."

"That is all very fine; but where shall we make for?"

"Well, I don't think as we can do better than stick to the course we are on, and as Mr. Bucklow last laid down—sou'-west by south—as far as the wind will let us."

"Will that bring us to Montevideo?"

"I don't think it will, exactly; but there or thereabouts, perhaps."

"Have you any idea where we are?"

"Not within a degree or two; but, from the feel, we should not be far from the line."

"Rather vague; but it is hot enough for anything, if that is what you mean. However, about this steering. It can easily be arranged as you suggest. While one steers the other can cook, and sleep, and keep a lookout. Our best chance of rescue is to attract the attention of some passing vessel. Can we do anything more than reverse the Union Jack?"

"I don't know as we can; and keep our number always flying."

"There is still one thing we have not thought of. Suppose something happens—that some emergency arises that forces me to quit the wheel while you are asleep?"

"The only thing you can do in that case would be to lash the wheel amidships. I will show you how. But we must do our sleeping in the captain's cabin. We shall always be within hail of each other. You have only to whistle, and I will come."

"Aren't you afraid of sleeping in the captain's cabin?"

"Not a bit. I shall not take the fever. If I could, I should have done so long since."

"All the same, I would not throw away a chance, if I were you. There is no telling—"

"Old Tom," as the sailors had called him, smiled superciliously, as much as to say that I did not know what I was talking about.

"Very well," I said. "Go and turn in. You had no sleep last night, and I had. I will take the wheel."

"Thank you, sir. I do feel a bit sleepy. Wake me up when you feel tired. Keep her off and by—as she is; that's all you have to do."

And so I was left in sole charge of the "Diana"—a strange position for a landsman on his first voyage! A captain without a crew, a navigator innocent of navigation, steering generally for the equator, and with an uncertain hope of sooner or later reaching the coast of South America, somewhere between the Amazon and Cape Horn, and the off chance of knocking against the continent of Africa, or being blown into the Pacific!

Not the sort of outlook to make a man merry, even though he has nothing particular on his mind; and on mine lay dark memories of the valley of the shadow of death through which I had just passed. But I was too busy to brood. I did not steer so well that I could do it automatically like an A. B. I had to give the wheel my closest attention and watch the ship continually, yet with all my pains I let her "fall off" several times, much to my annoyance. The wind, moreover, occasionally varied a point or two, thereby increasing the difficulty of my task. But I did not call Bolsover; I thought I would let him sleep as long as he liked; but when he voluntarily came to relieve me, I had been at my post nearly five hours.

"Why didn't you call me?" he said, reproachfully. "You must be both tired and hungry. Go and get something to eat, and then turn in for an hour or two. I don't think we shall either of us get much sleep to-night."

"Why?"

"There is going to be a change of weather. The glass is going down fast, and clouds are gathering to windward. But we shall not get it just yet. When you have had your grub and your sleep, we must reef the foresail. Then we shall be safe, I think."

I acted promptly on old Tom's suggestion, for the air and the work had made me both hungry and sleepy.

When I returned from my snooze, the wind had risen considerably, and blew in fitful gusts; the sun went down red, amid a mass of ominous-looking clouds, and, as Bolsover said, there was every likelihood of a dirty night. The time had come to reduce our spread of canvas, and the ship being under a patent foretopsail and jib, we lowered and reefed the former without difficulty. The boatswain then made all snug, battened down the hatches, and brought a suit of oilskin and a pair of seaboots for himself, and another for me, put food, water, and grog within reach, and lighted the lanterns. When he had done all that was necessary, or, rather, all that he could, he joined me at the wheel, for, as he said, it would take two to steer, and all little enough.

And so it proved. The wind rose every moment, and though we had so little sail set, the ship went through the water like an Atlantic liner at full speed. Then it lulled a little, and the rain came down as it only can come down in the tropics, rattling on the deck like discharges of musketry, and tumbling out of the scuppers in cascades. From time to time there came a tremendous clap of thunder; the sky was ablaze with lightning, which brought every spar and rope of the ship into vivid relief, and cast a lurid glow on an angry sea billowed with foam-crested waves. But we were by no means in the center of the storm, else it had gone ill with us; and the rain, by keeping the sea down somewhat, probably prevented us from being pooped.

When morning broke the rain was still falling, and the wind blowing in strong gusts; the "Diana" was scudding before it, and we were still both at the wheel; and except for intervals of a few minutes, when one or other of us snatched a morsel of food or took a pull at the bottle of half-water grog which Tom had put under the binnacle, we remained at the wheel all that day and all the next night.

What distance we made in this time we had no means of exactly computing; but when the wind began to fall off, Tom tried our rate of sailing with the patent log, and found it to be eight knots; but our average speed during the thirty-six hours the gale lasted must have been much more, and we probably ran not less than four hundred miles. Where we were we could form only the very vaguest idea, for our course had been most erratic, the wind shifting continually.

When the storm abated, and there was promise of better weather, Bolsover suggested that I should turn in.

"I am more used to this sort of thing than you are," he said. "I can stand it awhile longer; but you are about used up, I think. Lie down for an hour or two, I will waken you up when I want you."

I required no second bidding. I was utterly spent, and only half conscious. Without undressing, I threw myself on the bunk in the captain's cabin, and almost before my head touched the pillow was fast asleep.

When I awoke, as it seemed to me an hour or so later, the sun was shining brightly, and the boatswain lay asleep on the floor.

"Halloo!" I thought. "Has old Tom deserted his post? Why didn't he waken me?"

But when I looked out I saw that the sea was perfectly calm—not a breath of air ruffled its glassy surface—and the "Diana" lay there, as still and motionless as "a painted ship upon a painted ocean."

Clearly no need for a man at the wheel, and Tom had done quite right to take his rest without interrupting mine.

After a wash and a walk round the ship, I went to the galley, kindled the fire, made lobscouse and pea soup, and when all was ready returned to the cabin to look after Tom. He was just opening his eyes.

"Have you had a good sleep?" I asked.

"Very; and you?"

"Oh, pretty well. I must have had three or four hours, and if I had not been so hungry I should have gone on awhile longer."

"Three or four hours! Why, bless you, Mr. Erle, you have slept more like thirty hours!"

"Nonsense, Bolsover! I know better."

"Well, then, the sun is going wrong. It was a good deal past noon when I turned in, and"—glancing at the sun—"it cannot be much past eleven now. Yes, Mr. Erle, you have slept something like thirty hours, and me about twenty-four—and a good thing, too. We wanted it. When it fell calm I knew as the ship could take care of herself, so I just lashed the wheel amidships, laid myself down on the cabin floor just as I was, and let you go on with your sleep. And now let us have some grub, for I am most terrible sharp-set, and that lobscouse smells as sweet as a posy. We may take our ease a bit now, Mr. Erle. This is a calm as will last, this is."

"How long will it last, do you think."

"The Lord only knows! May be a fortnight, may be three weeks. I have heard of calms in these latitudes—we must be somewhere about the doldrums—I've heard of 'em lasting six and seven weeks."

"A pleasant prospect! Why, we shall be nearly frizzled! I would rather have a storm or two."

"That's a sentiment as I should say amen to, if we had a rather more powerful crew, Mr. Erle; but with a ship's company of two, officers and passengers included, I would not pray for a gale, though I might whistle for a wind. With our small spread of canvas a light breeze would not do us much good, and it would not be safe to spread more, even if we could. But I'm in no hurry, Mr. Erle—I'm in no hurry. We've plenty of grub and water aboard, and I'm quite content to abide in these latitudes awhile longer; for it is hereabouts—or, if not hereabouts, a bit further south—that I expect to light on the 'Santa Anna.'"

"You old idiot!" I was going to say; but not wanting to hurt the foolish fellow's feelings or fall out with him, I merely asked why on earth he expected to find the treasure-ship in that particular spot, especially as we did not know within a thousand miles where we were.

The combined circulation of the *Ladies Home Journal*, *Seed-Time and Harvest*, and *Farm Poultry*, will soon exceed one million copies. All three will be sent one year for only one dollar by the Seed-Time and Harvest Co., La Plume, Pa. a 31—2m.

ALL HALLOW E'EN

No Objections to Fun but Destruction of Property Must Stop.

To-morrow night is the time of the year when it is supposed Young America has a right to do certain things in the way of celebrating "All Hallow E'en." No one denies them this privilege so long as they keep themselves within bounds, but when they get outside of the law and are guilty of malicious mischief then the law must take care of them.

***

The pulling out of door bells, the carrying away of gates, the wanton destruction of property—all these things come within the province of the law and the boys who commit these overt acts should be arrested In years past the nuisances committed on Hallow E'en have been intolerable. Board walks have been torn up, outhouses overturned and destruction of personal property has been of such a nature as to cause property owners to wonder where all the trouble was going to end. A few fines have been imposed, but for the most part the guilty ones have escaped. These guilty ones are usually not children, but boys who have almost reached their majority. They are the ones who commit the acts which are usually of the greatest ill. And what makes the matter worse is the fact that they know they are breaking the law when they commit their depredations.

***

That justice which is supposed to be tempered with mercy is not what these individuals want. They deserve justice being meted out to them, and as to the quality of mercy, it need not be strained. It is the hoodlum element which usually causes all the trouble, and this element should be made to pay for its fun.

***

Apropos of this subject we might state that the thriving town of Bedford has recently been caused to regret the doings of the hoodlum element. The Gazette of that place has this to say on the subject: "Hallow E'en is generally regarded as an occasion for performances of pranks of every kind. But Bedford's youth are not satisfied with one night's sport. They begin the celebration weeks in advance by throwing grains of corn against the windows. This has become an intolerable nuisance and ought to be stopped. Officer Swartz would do well to capture some of the offenders and lock them up. He need not be afraid of shocking sensitive parents. People who allow their children to run the streets at night ought to know that they're raising jail birds. Lock them up."

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It will cost you nothing and surely do you good, if you have a Cough, Cold, or any trouble with the Throat, Chest or Lungs. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is guaranteed to give relief, or money will be paid back. Sufferers from La Grippe found it just the thing and under its use had a speedy and perfect recovery. Try a sample bottle at our expense and learn for your yourself just how good a thing it is. Trial bottles free at C. M. Parrish. Drug Store. Large size 50c. and $1.00

A KARTHAUS RASCAL.

Karthaus Times.

Andrew Rankin, Esq., left one day last week for parts unknown. It is said that he forged a note on Daniel Moore for $480 and one on Joseph Rubley for $900. He drove 45 sheep off belonging to Dr. Nevling and sold them, appropriating the money to his own use. He was administrator for the Hahn and Hoover estates. Daniel Moore and J. A. Hechendorn were his bail and they lost several hundred dollars. He was Justice of the Peace, assessor and post master. He borrowed money wherever he could and failed to return it. His wife and children are still on the Meyers farm here. They are to be pitied as it is thought that they know nothing of his actions and mean to do what is right.

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Simply apply "Swayne's Ointment." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruption on the face, hands, nose, &c., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by any other remedy.
Ask your druggist for Swayna's Ointment.
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MARRIED THIS AFTERNOON.

George H. Goldy, of Farrandsville, this county, and Miss Hattie VanGordon, of Mount Eagle, Centre county, were married this afternoon at the residence of the bride's sister, Mrs. Heverly, at Howard. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. Shambach, of the Evangelical church. The happy couple will arrive here at five o'clock this evening, and will take the first train on the P. & E. for Farrandsville, where their house, already furnished and in order, awaits their occupancy. Mr. Goldy is a cigarmaker, works for Young & Brother and is a member of the Cigarmaker's Union in this city.—Thursday's Lock Haven *Democrat*.

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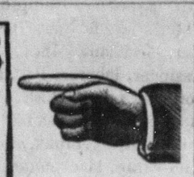

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JURORS IN COURT.

THE WHEEL ROLLS AROUND AND THEY CALL OUT GRAB.

SPECIAL COURT.

A special term of Court will begin on the second Monday of November the 9th:
Joseph Bierly, laborer, Miles twp.
Jacob Cronister, laborer, Half Moon.
H B Wilcox, carpenter, Rush twp.
Samuel Swarm, laborer, Boggs "
Henry Reading, manager, Snow Shoe.
A W Gardner, carpenter, Howard.
James I Clark, farmer, Liberty twp.
James Galbraith, farmer, Harris "
Michael Walker, farmer, Boggs "
James Kenwdly, carpenter, Gregg "
Adam Zeigler, farmer, Harris "
William Tobin, laborer, Snow Shoe.
E D Noll, plasterer, Bellefonte
E S Crates, farmer, Gregg twp
H M Stover, carpenter, Ferguson twp
George Long, Mason, Snow Shoe.
C O Whippo, blacksmith, Half Moon
James Ebanigh, carpenter, Philipsburg.
D E Bible, merchant, Gregg twp
H O Hoffer, merchant, Philipsburg.
James C Curtin, farmer, Spring twp
Ralph E Stover, carpenter, Harris twp
David Wance, laborer, Harris twp.
C B McEntire, merchant, Benore.
H M Grenoble, laborer, Ferguson twp
John McGowen, farmer, Snow Shoe.
Joseph Davidson, farmer, Union twp
George D Glossner, farmer, Curtin twp.
Frederick Bartley, laborer, Walker "
Thomas Doyle, laborer, Philipsburg
Samuel Gingrich, farmer, Worth twp.
Silas Reese, coal operator, Philipsburg.
Benj. Limbert, farmer, Gregg twp.
Daniel Eberhart, carpenter, Bellefonte.
William Gill, blacksmith, Philipsburg.
John Yearick, farmer, Spring twp.

REGULAR COURT—GRAND JURORS.

The regular term of court will begin on the 4th Monday.
Frank Barker, farmer, Haines twp.
E A Allison, farmer, Potter twp.
W F Hoover, farmer. Taylor twp.
Johu C Wagner, miller, Boggs twp.
J B Stere, laborer, Unionville.
Joseph Lee, farmer, Walker twp.
Emanuel Kerstetter, farmer, Penn twp.
A V Miller, farmer, Spring twp.
Thomas Donach, mechanic, Bellefonte.
George Rhoads, Laborer, Snow Shoe.
William Corl, laborer, Benner twp.
M G Gray, merchant, Philipsburg
S H Pletcher, carpenter, Howard.
Ira C Leathers, farmer, Marion twp.
W C Vanvalin, dentist, Unionville.
Wm. Bradford, farmer, Potter twp.
Wm. F Smith, farmer, Penn ,,
Joseph Fullmer, farmer, Boggs. ,,
John Peters, laborer, Worth ,,
J H Wyle, carpenter, Haines ,,
D B Schenck, farmer, Howard ,,
John Bruss, farmer, Huston ,,
John T Stewart, merchant, Harris ,,
J M Claar, justice, Rush ,,

TRAVERSE JURORS—FIRST WEEK

Oscar Wetzel, bookkeeper, Spring twp
David Nevling, farmer, Snow Shoe.
G W Williams, carpenter, Harris twp,
W Lose, farmer, Haines ,,
A C Mingle merchant, Bellefonte.
Lewis Rearick, farmer Spring ,,
John Garberick, Jr. laborer, ,, ,,
Wm. Poorman, laborer, Snow Shoe.
George Rote, clerk, ,, ,,
Hiram Thompson, farmer, College ,,
S B Spangler, clerk, Bellefonte.
W L Steele, carpenter, ,,
J H Sands, gentleman, ,,
H F Twigg, farmer, Rush twp.
Joseph Alters, carpenter, Gregg twp.
David Welsh. farmer, Curtin ,,
W H Page, clerk, Bellefonte.
Nicholas Mann, laborer, Liberty twp.
Jason Underwood farmer. Union ,,
Wm. H Goss, farmer, Ferguson ,,
Henry Warfle, tanner, Philipsburg.
D S DeLong, teacher, Curtin twp.
Jacob Raub, farmer, Howard ,,
W M Biddle, agent, Philipsburg.
Wm. Working, laborer, Potter, twp
E Confer, farmer, Boggs ,,
Jos. S Rumbarger, farmer, Half Moon.
W H Bailey, farmer. Ferguson twp.
Henry Schmidt, butcher, Philipsburg.
William Coble, laborer, College twp.
David Bechdel. farmer, Curtin ,,
Job W Packer, " " "
Wm Henderson, puddler, Howard twp.
G B Campell, farmer, Furguson "
J C Stover, farmer, Penn "
Andrew Whiteman, laborer, Rush "
George Behres, Jr., farmer, Potter "
Frank Deitz, farmer, Howard "
James Resides, farmer, Boggs "
Irvin G Lucas, laborer, Show Shoe.
Robert Hockenberry, farmer, Penn twp.
Edward Roan, laborer, Spring "
Charles Hess, laborer, Rush "
J W Mattern, gentleman, Philipsburg.
Jacob B Hasel, farmer, Miles twp.
R M Wolf, merchant, Haines "

TRAVERSE JURORS—SECOND WEEK.

Chas. Frankenberger, farmer, Penn twp.
A C Witherite, farmer, Boggs "
Israel Young, gun smith, Harris "
Michael Schaeffer, farmer, Walker "
Michael Hess, farmer, Haines "
Charles Hinkleman, nailer, Spring "
William Fleming, laborer, " "
A H Smith, agent, Philipsburg.
Sanford White, laborer, Rush twp.
Wm. Etters, laborer, Burnside "
James D Gentzel, farmer, Gregg "
Lenn Lucas, laborer, Snow Shoe.
C G Cleveland, farmer, " "
Samuel Dunlap, carpenter, Ferguson twp.
Edward Foster, laborer, Bellefonte.
W H Fry, farmer, Ferguson twp.
J M Tompson, teacher, Rush "
Wm. Saylor, laborer. Spring "
Abraham Treaster, laborer, Haines twp.
Chas. Johnsonbaugh laborer, Spring "
H P Blair, carpenter, Philipsburg.
Jno. F Heckman, farmer, Gregg twp.
E C Elder, merchant, Milesburg.
J W Messinger, laborer, Potter twp.
John Hoffman, miner, Rush "
William Lutz, farmer, Benner "
Miles Dukeman, forgeman, Boggs "
Frank Geiswhite, blacksmith, Haines twp,
Henry C Campell, farmer, Ferguson "
David P Weston, laborer, Rush twp.
Thomas Mayers, laborer, " "
Samuel Johnson, farmer, " "
Jesse Cleaver, surveyor, Unionville.
David Hoover, laborer, Spring twp.
Mitchael Bechdel, farmer, Liberty twp.
Benner W Way, farmer, Benner "

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That made yonr face so free and clear from pimples? said his sweetheart. Why don't you know, Eva? For over a year I took everything I could thing of without helping me. then I bought two bottles of Sulphur Bitters, and now I haven't one pimple on my face. It is the best blood cleanser I ever saw.

THE BRIGGS QUESTION.

NEW YORK, October 28.—When the Presbyterian general assembly disapproved the transfer of Professor A. C. Briggs, of the Union Theological seminary, from the Hebrew chair to the new one founded by Charles Butler for the study of Biblical theology, a committee, consisting of eight ministers and seven ruling elders, was appointed to inquire into the relation of the said seminary to the general assembly, and instructed to report to the next general assembly. The committee called for in this resolution was appointed by the moderator, Dr. W. H. Green, of Pirnceton Theological seminary, and a conference will be held this afternoon at the seminary between the committee and the directors. At this meeting will be gathered several leading members of the Presbyterian church, clerical and lay.

The subject to be discussed will be the legality of the compact entered into by the seminary directors and the general assembly in 1870 when the seminary, which had formerly been independent, offered to place itself under the care of the assembly to the extent of the appointment of professors. It is not probable that Dr. Brigg's name will be mentioned, as the conference has to do with the relation of the seminary to the assembly and not with the transfer of professor, although the latter question has brought up the former.

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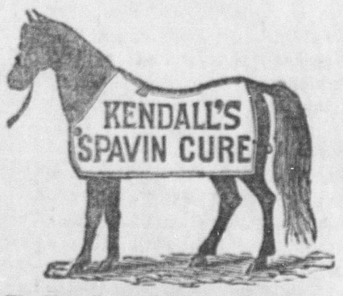

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COLUMBUS, Ohio, April 4, '90.
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I remain yours,
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WASHINGTON LETTER.

[Our Special Correspondence.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2, 1891.

Neither the President or Secretary Blaine have any apprehension of serious trouble on account of the present squabble with the temporary government of Chili, not withstanding the numerous reports to the contrary. If, however, a nation that was anywhere near our equal in strength had sent such an insolent reply to a courteous request as Chili did to our request that an investigation be made of the recent nobbing of American sailors and that reparation be offered for the indignity thus placed upon the American flag, there is little doubt that there would be war. It is the weakness of Chili, when compared with the United States, that will make the administration go slow enough to give the misguided men now at the head of affairs in that country an opportunity to retire from office, which they will do in a few days, and be succeeded by the newly elected officials, who will, in the opinion of Senor Montt, the Chilian minister here, see the desirability of maintaining friendly relations with us. Senor Montt has advices from Chili saying that the investigation asked for by this government is being pushed with all due diligence and that already several Chilians have been arrested for being connected with the mob. Young naval officers who are ambitious of an opportunity to distinguish themselves have had a good deal to do with the war-like stories which have been sent out from Washington for several days past, but there is only one contingency that will give them an opportunity to show their metal. It has been stated with a great deal of positiveness within the last forty-eight hours that English influences are at the bottom of Chili's insolence, and that the Chilians have been led to believe, if not actually told, that England would interfere if the United States resorted to force. Should this prove true trouble may be looked for, as it is certain that the United States will fight England if it shall attempt to interfere with our relations, good or bad, with any republic on this continent, and it would be backed by a unanimous public sentiment too. It can be stated on the best authority that Minister Egan is, and has been all through this trouble, in perfect accord with the administration, and that there is no present intention of recalling him, notwithstanding the clamor raised in all the newspapers of this country which take their editorial cues from the London Times.

It is worthy of note, for the special benefit of those who insist that Commissioner of Pension Raum is not in good odor with the President and Secretary Noble that the resignations of two out of the three employes whose removal he recently asked for have been accepted by Secretary Noble.

Reciprocity is getting the greater portion of Secretary Blain's attention since his return to Washington. In addition to the agreements with Brazil and Spain, which have been fully consummated, he anticipates that similar arrangements will be perfected with Mexico, Columbia, Venezuela, Peru, and the British West India colonies. It was not generally known that any efforts were being made to negotiate a treaty with England for reciprocity with her colonies in the West Indies, until within the last few days. Delegates from Barbadoes and Trinidad, empowered to act, are expected here in the near future and as they are anxious for our trade there is little doubt of a satisfactory agreement being reached.

Secretary Foster's family will come with him when he returns to Washington this week. They will go direct to the residence the Secretary has leased, which has been put in readiness for them under the personal direction of Miss Foster, who has been the guest of Secretary and Mrs Rusk for some time. The home the Fosters will occupy is the one in which Senator and Mrs. Payne lived during the Senator's term.

Superintendent of the Census Porter has been confined to his room for a couple of weeks past by a severe cold, but he is at his office to-day.

Mrs. Harrison held a special reception at the White House Saturday afternoon in honor of the delegates to the Woman's Home Missionary Society of the M. E. church, now holding its annual convention here.

A party of naval officials went down the Potomac Saturday to witness the tests of the strength possessed by the various kinds of armor plate. The tests are under the supervision of the ordnance bureau of the Navy departments, and will conclude this week. The idea is to get some sort of an armor plate for the protection of our new vessels that can turn aside the forged steel shells now used by improved guns.

50 cents a bottle. No better investment can be had than a bottle of the celebrated imported Anchor Pain Explear for rheumatic complaints. It has received the indorsements of prominent physicians. Ask your druggist for it.

A NEW PENSION SCHEME.

PLANS MATURING FOR A PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD PLAN.

At a meeting of the Advisory committee of the Relief department of the Pennsylvania railroad, held at Philadelphia yesterday at the general office on Fourth street, the plan for a pension for railroad employes was brought up for consideration, and definite action will be taken most probably early next year. For six years a relief department has been in existence in connection with the various Pennsylvania Railroad lines, paying sick, accident and death benefits to its members. In the first three years of its history $171,000 was saved up after paying all liabiliti es, and it is probable that the second three years term will show an even better result when figured up at the end of this year.

If the surplus of the entire six years is deemed adequate, the pension plan will it is said, go into effect after receiving the approval of those interested. The proposition is to arrange for the payment of a pension to all employes of the road who through age or other disability cannot earn their salaries. One of those most interested in the scheme is Max Riebenack, Assistant Controller of the pennsylvania railroad, who has given the whole scheme through attention and study.

The term here given is one which was supposed to have been coined during the late war. It is claimed, however, that it is an old word revived, perhaps of Sweedish origin. Be this as it may, there is certainly no word in the English language that more forcibly expresses the action of certain pathogenic microbes which may have found their way into the blood, after the administration of Swift's Specific. Finding this sanguineous medium too warm, so to speak, for their comfort they *Skedaddle* through the pores of the skin, leaving the system intact. Not only does S. S. S. cause the elimation of the said microbes and the poison produced thereby, but it assists in rebuilding the waste places of the system resting from the devitalizing and disintegrating effects of the micro-organisms aforesaid.

SKEDADEKS.

SWIFT SPECIFICE CO., Atlanta, Ga

A GREAT NEGRO ORGANIZATION.

This is the opening week of the fair being held in Raleigh, N. C., inside of the Southern Exposition grounds, under the auspices of the North Carolina Industrial Association; which is the oldest colored agricultural association in the United States. It has as its president Warren H. Coleman, a negro who has made a fortune since the close of the rebellion. Mr. Coleman is a very smart man and is doing much for the development of the Southern negro. This organization has combined with the Exposition management to hold their annual fair, which consists of a stock and agricultural display, a display of needle work and paintings by the colored ladies, and special drawings and works of mechanical art by the men.

The organizations for the betterment of the negro race are increasing rapidly in the South, and ere long colored men will be owning factories. Many of them own their own farms and homes, and the advancement of the negro race is adding very much to the general development of the Southern section of the United States. The negro labor is easily controlled, they are satisfied with moderate wages, they have no strikes or riots, and it is really a desirable section for those persons to visit who are thinking of changing their location.

For the next three weeks very low rates can be secured from New York, Baltimore and Washington, to Raleigh, N. C. The rates from New York are less than fifteen dollars for the round trip; Baltimore less than ten dollars, and from Washington less than ten dollars. At New York tickets can be bought at Old Dominion Steamship office, or of H. P. Clark, 229 Broadway; at Baltimore, of Bay Line Steamship office; at Washington of Atlantic Coast Line, or Richmond & Danville office.

THE WESTERN SETTLER'S CHOSEN SPECIFIC.

With every advance of emigration into the far West, a new demand is created for Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Newly peopled regions are frequently less salubrious than older settled localities, on account of the miasma which rises from recently cleared land, particularly along the banks of rivers that are subject to freshets. The agricultural or mining emigrant soon learns, when he does not already know, that the Bitters afford the only sure protection against malaria, and those disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels, to which climatic changes, exposure, and unaccustomed or unhealthy water or diet subject him. Consequently, he places an estimate upon this great household specific and preventive commensurate with its intrinsic merits, and is careful to keep on hand a restorative and promoter of health so implicity to be relied upon in time of need.

CLOCKWORK FOR TELEPHONES.

Electricity.

The present system of charges for the use of telephones by annual subscription is by many considered unjust, inasmuch as some subscribers speak often and only occasionally.

In some German telephone offices an electrically driven clock is attached to each telephone is off the hook, and stops directly it is replaced. The service is charged for according to the time recorded.

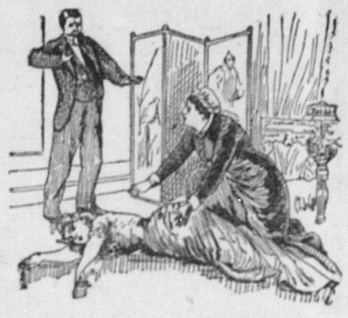
It is claimed for this system that unnecessary conversations are prevented; that those that take place are limited to reasonable length, and the useful efficiency of the whole is increased.

DISTRESSING EVENT.

WHAT MIGHT HAPPEN AT ANY TIME.

Mrs. A. fell to the floor after a social gathering, prostrated by nervous weakness and exhaustion.

There are thousands who feel just ready to drop from nervous weakness. It is what makes so many nervous, tired, languid, without energy or ambition. They have headache, stomach trouble, kidney and liver complaints, constipated bowels, Malaria headache, palpitation, poor blood, etc., which are caused by weakened nerves and nervous prostration.



If they would use Dr. Green's Nervura, the great nerve and blood invigorator, all these distressing troubles will immediately disappear. Especially should ladies use it who have female weakness and debility. Purely vegetable and harmless. Druggists sell it, $1.00.

"I had terrible headaches for 30 years. They got so bad I felt that I should go insane, and made my husband promise not to put me in an asylum. I took Dr. Greene's Nervura, and now have no headache, sleep, and eat well, am not nervous, my kidneys are healthy and blood pure. I was saved from that terrible fate, insanity or prostration by this wonderful remedy Dr. Greene's Nervura.

MRS. JENNIE ANTHONY.

21 W. Green St., Lynn, Mass."

N. B. Dr. Greene, the successful specialist in curing all forms of nervous and chronic diseases; 35 W. 14th Street, New York, can be consulted free, personally, or by letter. Call or write him about your case, or send for symptom blank to fill out, and a letter fully explaining your disease, giving advice, etc., will be returned free.

The Philadetphia *Bulletin* gives a bit of fatherly advice on the question of dress and tidyness. It remarks that as the overcoat season is now thoroughly inaugurated the question is again painfully apparent that many men do not know how to wear their overcoats. Nine men out of ten will go slouching along the street with their outer coats slouching open. It is a common thing to see both the over and the under coat unbuttoned, and this will give say five thicknesses of clothing on the back, with the chest having only the protection of the outer and under shirts. How inconsistent, in this changeable and chilly weather, when the chest should have especial care. Then, it will be found that the man who goes with his overcoat flopping open generally wears his hands in his pockets, which emphasizes his aspect of slouchiness. And a man who is careless in so far, is generally careless about keeping his clothing brushed and his shoes shined. And you will find it invaribly the rule that the man who goes with his overcoat buttoned is the man who is neat in regard to other details of dress. Let the good wife see to it that the overcoat of the man whom she has sworn to love, honor and protect is carefully and securely buttoned before she sends him out into the cold, cold world. This advice applies to mothers for sons, and sisters for brothers.

SMALL—BUT—DEADLY Are many of the countless microbes which infest the earth. Their destruction is great, as they destroy life in thousands of human beings annually. The only limitation to their devastation is food to feed on. They produce countless diseases—as malaria scrofula, cancer blood poison, etc. You can expel this from the body by the use of Swift's Specific. S. S. S. will route him out completely, and force out also the poison which he has left behind. Be sure to get the genuine. Do not let any one put off on you substitute or imitation. Send for our book on the blood and skin.

SWIFT SPECIFICE CO., Atlanta, Ga.

A HAPPY BIRTHDAY GREETING.

Every American citizen is interested in the poet Whittier, who will celebrate his eight-fourth birthday on the 17th of December. FRANK LESLIE'S WEEKLY for November 7th has a very striking full-page portrait of the poet, accompanied by a discriminating article as to his position in American literature. This week's issue also has a page of illustrations of the star trotters of to-day. There is a page of pictures of foreign events, and an illustration of one of the famous mountain peaks of the Yosemite Valley, together with portraits of Mrs. Marshall O. Roberts, the prospective bride of Colonel Ralph Vivian of the Scotts Guards; and of the late Captain Ducan N. Ingraham, hero of the Martin Koszta affair. The leading editorial contribution relates to women in the State and labor market and is furnished by Mrs. Anne Besant of London, England.

A friend induced me to try Salvation Oil for my rheumatic foot, I used it and the rheumatism is entirely gone. JOHN ANDERSON, Baltimore, Md.

Positive and unsolicited testimony from every section confirms every claim made for the wonderful efficacy of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Price 25 cents.

JURORS IN COURT.

THE WHEEL ROLLS AROUND AND THEY CALL OUT GRAB.

SPECIAL COURT.

A special term of Court will begin on the second Monday of November the 9th:

Joseph Bierly, laborer, Miles twp.
Jacob Cronister, laborer, Half Moon.
H B Wilcox, carpenter, Rush twp.
Samuel Swarm, laborer, Boggs "
Henry Reading, manager, Snow Shoe.
A W Gardner, carpenter, Howard.
James I Clark, farmer, Liberty twp.
James Galbraith, farmer, Harris "
Michael Walker, farmer, Boggs "
James Kenwdly, carpenter, Gregg "
Adam Zeigler, farmer, Harris "
William Tobin, laborer, Snow Shoe.
E D Noll, plasterer, Bellefonte
E S Crates, farmer, Gregg twp
H M Stover, carpenter, Ferguson twp
George Long, Mason, Snow Shoe.
C O Whippo, blacksmith, Half Moon
James Ebanigh, carpenter, Philipsburg.
D E Bible, merchant, Gregg twp
H O Hoffer, merchant, Philipsburg.
James C Curtin, farmer, Spring twp
Ralph E Stover, carpenter, Harris twp
David Wance, laborer, Harris twp.
L B McEntire, merchant, Benore.
H M Grenoble, laborer, Ferguson twp
John McGowen, farmer, Snow Shoe.
Joseph Davidson, farmer, Union twp
George D Glossner, farmer, Curtin twp.
Frederick Bartley, laborer, Walker "
Thomas Doyle, laborer, Philipsburg
Samuel Gingrich, farmer, Worth twp.
Silas Reese, coal operator, Philipsburg.
Benj. Limbert, farmer, Gregg twp.
Daniel Eberhart, carpenter, Bellefonte.
William Gill, blacksmith, Philipsburg.
John Yearick, farmer, Spring twp.

REGULAR COURT—GRAND JURORS.

The regular term of court will begin on the 4th Monday.

Frank Barker, farmer, Haines twp.
E A Allison, farmer, Potter twp.
W F Hoover, farmer. Taylor twp.
John C Wagner, miller, Boggs twp.
J B Stere, laborer, Unionville.
Joseph Lee, farmer, Walker twp.
Emanuel Kerstetter, farmer, Penn twp.
A V Miller, farmer, Spring twp.
Thomas Donach, mechanic, Bellefonte.
George Rhoads, Laborer, Snow Shoe.
William Corl, laborer, Benner twp.
M G Gray, merchant, Philipsburg
S H Pletcher, carpenter, Howard.
Ira C Leathers, farmer, Marion twp.
W C Vanvalin, dentist, Unionville.
Wm. Bradford, farmer, Potter twp.
Wm. F Smith, farmer, Penn ,,
Joseph Fullmer, farmer, Boggs. ,,
John Peters, laborer, Worth ,,
J H Wyle, carpenter, Haines ,,
D B Schenck, farmer, Howard ,,
John Bruss, farmer, Huston ,,
John T Stewart, merchant, Harris ,,
J M Claar, justice, Rush ,,

TRAVERSE JURORS—FIRST WEEK

Oscar Wetzel, bookkeeper, Spring twp
David Nevling, farmer, Snow Shoe.
G W Williams, carpenter, Harris twp,
W Lose, farmer, Haines ,,
A C Mingle merchant, Bellefonte.
Lewis Rearick, farmer Spring ,,
John Garberick, Jr. laborer, ,, ,,
Wm. Poorman, laborer, Snow Shoe.
George Rote, clerk, ,, ,,
Hiram Thompson, farmer, College ,,
N B Spangler, clerk, Bellefonte.
W L Steele, carpenter, ,,
J H Sands, gentleman, ,,
H F Twigg, farmer, Rush twp.
Joseph Aiters, carpenter, Gregg twp.
David Welsh, farmer, Curtin ,,
W H Page, clerk, Bellefonte.
Nicholas Mann, laborer, Liberty twp.
Jason Underwood farmer. Union ,,
Wm. H Goss, farmer, Ferguson ,,
Henry Warfle, tanner, Philipsburg.
D S DeLong, teacher, Curtin twp.
Jacob Raub, farmer, Howard ,,
W M Biddle, agent, Philipsburg.
Wm. Working, laborer, Potter, twp.
E Confer, farmer, Boggs ,,
Jos. S Rumbarger, farmer, Half Moon.
W H Bailey, farmer. Ferguson twp.
Henry Schmidt, butcher, Philipsburg.
William Coble, laborer, College twp.
David Bechdel. farmer, Curtin ,,
Job W Packer, " " "
Wm Henderson, puddler, Howard twp.
G B Campell, farmer, Furguson "
J C Stover, farmer, Penn "
Andrew Whiteman, laborer, Rush "
George Behres, Jr., farmer, Potter "
Frank Deitz, farmer, Howard "
James Resides, farmer, Boggs "
Irvin G Lucas, laborer, Show Shoe.
Robert Hockenberry, farmer, Penn twp.
Edward Roan, laborer, Spring "
Charles Hess, laborer, Rush "
J W Mattern, gentleman, Philipsburg.
Jacob B Hasel, farmer, Miles twp.
R M Wolf, merchant, Haines "

TRAVERSE JURORS—SECOND WEEK.

Chas. Frankenberger, farmer, Penn twp.
A C Witherite, farmer, Boggs "
Israel Young, gunsmith, Harris "
Michael Schaeffer, farmer, Walker "
Michael Hess, farmer, Haines "
Charles Hinkleman, nailer, Spring "
William Fleming, laborer, " "
A H Smith, agent, Philipsburg.
Sanford White, laborer, Rush twp.
Wm. Etters, laborer, Burnside "
James D Gentzel, farmer, Gregg "
Lenn Lucas, laborer, Snow Shoe.
C G Cleveland, farmer, " "
Samuel Dunlap, carpenter, Ferguson twp.
Edward Foster, laborer, Bellefonte.
W H Fry, farmer, Ferguson twp.
J M Tompson, teacher, Rush "
Wm. Saylor, laborer. Spring "
Abraham Treaster, laborer, Haines twp.
Chas. Johnsonbaugh laborer, Spring "
H P Blair, carpenter, Philipsburg.
Jno. F Heckman, farmer, Gregg twp.
E C Elder, merchant, Milesburg.
J W Messinger, laborer, Potter twp.
John Hoffman, miner, Rush "
William Lutz, farmer, Benner "
Miles Dukeman, forgeman, Boggs "
Frank Geiswhite, blacksmith, Haines twp,
Henry C Campell, farmer, Ferguson "
David P Weston, laborer, Rush twp.
Thomas Mayers, laborer, " "
Samuel Johnson, farmer, " "
Jesse Cleaver, surveyor, Unionville.
David Hoover, laborer, Spring twp.
Mitchael Bechdel, farmer, Liberty twp.
Benner W Way, farmer, Benner "

It's a sign that you need help, when pimples, blotches, and eruptions begin to appear. Your blood needs looking after. You'll have graver matters than pimples to deal with, if you neglect it. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery prevents and cures all diseases and disorders caused by impure blood. It invigorates the liver, purifies the blood, and promotes all the bodily functions. For all forms of scrofulous, skin and scalp disease, and even Consumption (which is really lung-scrofula) in all its earlier stages, it is a certain remedy. It's the only one that's *guaranteed*, in every case, to benefit or cure, or the money is refunded. It's a matter of confidence in one's medicine.

It is the *cheapest* blood-purifier sold, through druggists, because you only pay for *the good* you get.

Can you ask more?

The "Discovery" acts equally well *all the year* round.

PROGRESS OF THE NEGRO.

The Black Man Now Pays Taxes on $264,000,000 Worth of Property.

After 300 years of servitude of the most debasing character, in which he was treated as a chattel, subject to barter and sale in common with the brutes of the farm, a revolution occurred, and out of it the black man of America emerged a freeman. He was ignorant, oppressed, and believed himself to be of an inferior race. The ambition with which ages of progress and liberty had inspired the Caucasian, and the inherited thrift which makes the Anglo-Saxon strong everywhere, were wanting. He was despised, penniless, and had no training which seemed likely to make him useful in any but menial occupations. To cap the climax of surprises for the black man and increase his difficulties he was given full citizenship in the republic, without tuition and without previous instruction in the duties thus imposed. It was a great social experiment, and it has been both evil and good for the race.

In the face of these difficulties, in the midst of their former owners, and surrounded by men whose race prejudices were the growth of centuries, and almost left to themselves by the General Government, the black men and women of the South have accomplished wonders. The negro has not been a failure. He has improved his time in the last twenty years as no other race in history has improved it in the same number of years. In spite of a hostile environment the despised negro has emerged from the squalor of the cabin, the cringing submission to the lash and the entire absence of intellectual opportunity and business necessity to a manhood which inspires the respect of every well-meaning and well-informed person in the country.

There were 200,000 black men in the Civil War, but there was not one educated negro minister south of Mason and line, and there was no schools and no school teachers or school books. In 1865 there were two negro attorneys, three negro physicians, two editors, and $12,000 worth of taxable property among all the negroes of America. There were no colleges, no high schools, no banks and no church property. It is twenty-six years, seven years less than a generation, since 1865, but to-day the negroes of this country pay taxes on $264,000,000 of personal and real property. There are 749 physicians, and 654 of these are college graduates. They have seven colleges, seventeen academies and forty-nine high schools, all under the charge of negro teachers. Three of the seven college presidents were slaves. There are 995 college-bred negro ministers and 247 negro men and young women in European capitals studying foreign languages to return here as teachers. A bank in Richmond, Va., with $500,000 capital, is owned and controlled by black men, and they are loaning money to their former masters. This is only a small part of the story of the glorious achievements of the negro race in America in a single generation.

It is the request of the leading negroes of the country that they shall be given a special place in the Exposition in which to illustrate their progress from the auction block to the national capital, and from the overseer's lash to the presidency of colleges and banks in thirty years. Their progress since emancipation is without a parallel. They have a right to be proud of it, and ought to have every opportunity possible to emphasize the truth that the negro possesses not alone emotions, physical strength and faithfulness, but mechanical skill, inventive genius and literary and forensic ability. The black man has been no failure.—Omaha Bee.

The Banana a Developed Lily.

The banana belongs to the lily family and is a developed tropical lily, from

Seines, Tents, Nets and Double Barrel Breech Loading Shot Guns choke bored $6 to $50. Single Breech Loading Shot Guns, $4 to $25; Breech Loading and Repeating Rifles, $3 to $40; Muzzle-Loading Double shot Guns, $5 to $35; Single Shot Guns, $2.50 to $20; Revolvers $1 to $20; Double Action Self Cockers, $2.50 to $10; All kinds of Cartridges, Shell, Caps, Wads, Tools, Powder, Flasks, Shot Pouches, Primers, send stamp for Illustrated Catalogue. Address Grease Western Gun Works, 706 Smithfield St Pittsburgh, Pa. August 21st

THE SINGER

MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

A. C. MOORE.....AGENT.

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PLUMBING, GAS AND STEAM FITTING.

R. J. SCHADD & BRO.

Shop at Steam Works, corner of Lamb and Spring streets, Bellefonte Pa.

We are prepared at all times to furnish all kinds of supplies—hydrants, sinks, bath tubs, water closets, pipe—both lead and cast and wrought iron, either plain or galvanized—brass and other fittings, and everything in the plumbing line.

WORK DONE ON SHORT NOTICE.

LOWEST PRICES AND ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

Telephone connection.

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Do all kinds of Map Work and keep on hand a full supply of Maps, Atlases, Drawing Paper, Map Cases, Spring Map Rollers, etc., etc.

Maps and plans engraved, printed, colored, and mounted.

WANTED—Every Bookkeeper, Business Man and Beginner to know that the Key to, and Exposition of Bookkeeping teaches at sight and aids bookkeepers and experts; post-paid to any address on receipt of one dollar.

No. 17 and 19 S. Sixth Street, PHILADELPHIA.

my7-6m

AN ORDINANCE to lay out and to open an alley in the Borough of Bellefone between Logan street and Burnside street, beginning at a point on Allegheny street and extending eastward to the Lewistown Turnpike.

Be it enacted and ordained by the authority of the Town Council of the Borough of Bellefonte and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, that an alley be laid out in the Borough of Bellefonte, between Logan street and Burnside street, beginning at a point between the properties of Shank and Steel Hunter, on Allegheny street, and extending eastwardly to a point on the old Lewisburg Turnpike on the property of S. D. Gray and L. A. Schaffer, said alley to be twenty (20) feet wide and to be laid out according to survey and map made by D. M. Butts, Borough Engineer.

Ordained and enacted into an Ordinance this fifth day of October, A. D. 1891.

GEORGE L. POTTER,
President of Town Council.

ATTEST: ISAAC MITCHELL, Clerk.

Approved October 9th, 891.

WILBUR F. REEDER,
oct 10 Chief Burgess.

AN ORDINANCE Laying out and to open Armor Street, in the Borough of Bellefonte, from Linn street to Beaver street.

Be it enacted, and ordained by the Town Council of the Borough of Bellefonte, and it is hereby enacted and ordained by the authority of the same, that Armor street be laid out and opened from a point beginning on the north side of Linn street, west of the property owned by J. Kyle McFarlane, and extending to a point on the south side of Beaver street, the whole distance being nine hundred (900) feet, and to be fifty (50) feet wide.

Ordained and enacted into an ordinance this fifth day of October, A. D., 1891.

GEORGE L. POTTER,
ATTEST. President of Town Council.

ISAAC MITCHELL, Clerk.

Approved October 9th, 1891.

WILBUR F REEDER,
oct 10 Chief Burgess.

EUREKA!

OUR MOTTO:

Quick Sales and Small Profits.

The EUREKA CASH GROCERY, Bush Arcade Block, is the place to buy Groceries GOOD AND CHEAP. We have always been selling goods at ROCK BOTTOM PRICES but now we intend to do better than ever and will sell goods at prices that will astonish everyone. Times are hard and we cannot expect to make much. Below we quote you a few of our prices to show that we mean business.

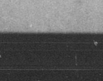
3 cans of Corn for 25 cts.; 3 cans of Peas 25 cts.; 3 cans of Lima Beans for 25 cts., 6 bars of Soap 25 cts.; Coffee 23-25-26-28-35 cts. per pound; 1 package Mince Meat 11 cts.; Mixed Tea (a number one quality) only 40 cts. per pound; Soup Beans 6 cts. per quart.

The above is a fair sample of our prices. Call and be convinced.

NEXT DOOR TO POST-OFFICE.

HIGH STREET, - - BELLEFONTE.

M. P. TUTEN, PROPRIETOR.



AGENTS send for How I Made a House and Lot in One year. Our copyrighted methods free to all desiring a Home, or business change. $75 to $200 Monthly. Teachers and Ladies find big pay for spare hours. TREASURY PURCHASING AGENCY, 27 4th Ave., New York.

WHAT IS

SCROFULA

It is that impurity in the blood, which, accumulating in the glands of the neck, produces unsightly lumps or swellings; which causes painful running sores on the arms, legs, or feet; which developes ulcers in the eyes, ears, or nose, often causing blindness or deafness; which is the origin of pimples, cancerous growths, or the many other manifestations usually ascribed to "humors;" which, fastening upon the lungs, causes consumption and death. Being the most ancient, it is the most general of all diseases or affections, for very few persons are entirely free from it.

How Can It Be CURED

By taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, by the remarkable cures it has accomplished, often when other medicines have failed, has proven itself to be a potent and peculiar medicine for this disease. Some of these cures are really wonderful. If you suffer from scrofula, be sure to try Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"My daughter Mary was afflicted with scrofulous sore neck from the time she was 22 months old till she became six years of age. Lumps formed in her neck, and one of them after growing to the size of a pigeon's egg, became a running sore for over three years. We gave her Hood's Sarsaparilla, when the lump and all indications of scrofula entirely disappeared, and now she seems to be a healthy child." J. S. CARLILE, Nauright, N. J.

N. B. Be sure to get only

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

TO CURE SKIN DISEASE OF ANY FORM

USE HEISKELL'S OINTMENT

It has proved infallible in every case, from simple **Pimples** to obstinate **Eczema**; also **Itching Piles. 50 CTS.** per box.

Send for **"Hints for Kitchen and Sick-Room,"** a handy book for the household. **FREE.**

MYSTIC CURE

FOR

RHEUMATISM AND NEURALGIA. CURES IN A DAY

A New and Wonderful Discovery

which has revolutionized the treatment of these diseases. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears, the first dose greatly benefits. It is recommended only for Rheumatism and Neuralgia, but for these it is a quick and radical cure, as multitudes who have used it testify. It contains no anodynes and is perfectly harmless. Ask your druggist to procure it if he does not have it on hand.

Guarantee. If first bottle does not benefit you, druggist will refund money.

Write for treatise and testimonials.

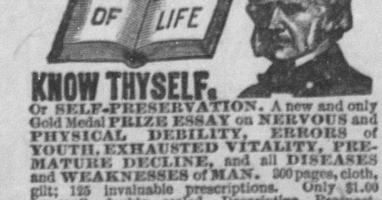
PRICE, 75 CENTS.

Dr. I. A. DETCHON, Crawfordsville, Ind.

It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles, 50 cents and $1.00.

MANHOOD!

How Lost! How Regained!



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A DISPATCH FROM SCHLEY.

HE RELATES THE MANNER IN WHICH THE AMERICAN SAILORS WERE TREATED.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—Secretary Tracy this afternoon received a dispatch from Captain Schley, dated yesterday: "Petty Officer Johnson, in whose arms Riggin was killed, declares that the act was done by the police guard. Apprentice Williams reports that he was arrested by a mounted policeman, who placed catgut nipper around his wrist and started his horse into a gallop, throwing him down. After that the policeman walked his horse. Coalheaver McWilliams was arrested and taken to prison with catgut nippers around his neck. He was bitten in the arm after his arrest.

"Coal Heaver Quiggley, while trying to effect his escape from the mob, was struck with a sword by police officers. Apprentice Talbot was arrested, catgut nippers were placed around his wrists, and on his way to the prison he was struck repeatedly by the police. Petty Officer Hamilton, dangerously wounded and unconscious, was dragged to the prison. One of my people trying to make him comfortable, was threatened with the butt end of a musket and made to desist.

"My men in prison were examined secretly, although I sent an officer to the court to request authority to allow his presence. The request was denied on account of the proceedings being secret. Two are dead, three are dangerously wounded and fifteen slightly injured. Surgeons believe the wounded are out of danger."

What Senator Quay Wants to Know

BEAVER, Pa., October 30.—The libel suit instituted by Senator Quay is the chief topic of conversation here. Senator Quay said this afternoon that suit will be entered this evening against the Star, a new democratic paper of this place, which published a fac simile of the Bardsley certificate. The senator sent to-day the following telegram:

"Hon. E. S. Lacey, Comptroller, Washington, D. C.: I beg to be informed, at your earliest convenience, by whom and by whose authority or permission a certificate of deposit for $8,877, dated November 29 1889, endorsed by John Bardsley and by me, which is among the papers of the Keystone National bank, an institution in the custody of the United States, was delivered to the democratic state committee to be photographed, lithographed and published throughout the state by the democratic press, as is now being done.

"M. S. QUAY."

WASHINGTON, October 30.—Mr Lacy, comptroller of the currency, admitted tonight that he had received a telegram from Senator Quay asking by whose authority the certificate of deposit for $8,877, endorsed by himself and John Bardsley, and which is among the papers of the Keystone National bank, was delivered to the democratic state committee. He said, however that it did not reach him until after office hours and therefore it would be impossible for him to investigate the matter before to morrow morning. He had no personal knowledge whatever of the transaction referred to by Mr. Quay, but he had decided not to reply to his telegram until he could look further into the matter in the morning. He had certainly not authorized the delivery of the certificate to the democratic committee or to anybody else, but he would like to ascertain if any one connected with the service had done so before he replied to Mr. Quay.

ACCEPTED THE INVITATION TO BE SHOT.

In Everett, on Thursday afternoon about 1 o'clock, says the Bedford Gazette, John Dean shot and seriously wounded Jack Carson. Both men were colored. They had been drinking during the day. After dinner they met in Gordon's barber shop and Carson began to tease Dean, much to the latter's annoyance. Carson persisted, and finally Dean said something about shooting him if he would go down the alley. Carson replied that he wasn't afraid of being shot, and both men then started out. They went to the stable in the rear of the La Palace hotel. Dean says that he gave the old man a drink out of a bottle, and Carson promised to do no more teasing. He had hardly taken his drink, however, until he resumed the performance. Dean thereupon drew a revolver and shot him. The ball entered below the left breast, just missing the left lung. Dr. H. Howard Hill probed for the ball, but was unable to reach it. The doctor says that the wound is not necessarily fatal. Dean, who has been acting as a hostler for Dr. W. P. S. Henry, was found in the doctor's office by Constable Peter Barndollar a short time after the shooting occurred. He at first attempted to escape, but afterwards concluded to surrender. He was taken before 'Squire Evans by the constable and committed to the county jail. Mr Barndollar reached Bedford with his prisoner about 4 o'clock the same afternoon.

DEATH OF RACHAEL HOY.

Mrs. Rachael Hoy, wife of Benjamin Hoy, of near Lemont, died on Friday morning, October 30th, at 4 o'clock. Mrs. Hoy was the mother of eight children and was aged about 43 years. The cause of death was typhoid fever which she contracted while in waiting upon her daughter, Mrs Herman Baird, of Franklinville, who died several weeks ago. The funeral of Mrs. Hoy occurred on Sunday at 9 o'clock interment being made in the Shilloh church cemetery.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

DR. J. F. KINCHELOE, Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

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"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."

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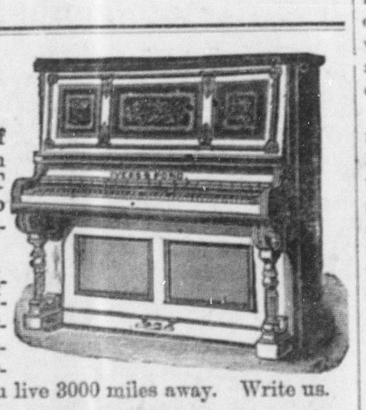

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We mail one pack 25c. Five $1. A 2 1-4 lb. can $1.20. Six cans, $5.00, express paid. *Poultry Raising Guide*, price 25 cents, free with $1.00 orders or more. Sample copy of THE BEST POULTRY PAPER sent free.

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at prices to suit everybody. If you can't get them from your dealer, write us. Ask for the 5/A Book. You can get it without charge.

WM. AYRES & SONS, Philadelphia.

PASTOR KOENIG'S NERVE TONIC

St. Vitus Dance Cured! VIII.

SAN ANDREAS, Cal., February, 1889.

My boy, 13 years old, was so affected by St. Vitus Dance that he could not go to school for two years. Two bottles of Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic restored his health, and he is now attending school again. MICHAEL O'CONNELL.

BALTIMORE, June, 1890.

I used Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic for nervous trouble caused by overwork, and found it all that it is claimed to be. After using one bottle it had the desired effect, and I can truly recommend it to all suffering alike complaint, as a really wonderful remedy. SAML. THREW.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Oct. 19, '89.

For seven years my eldest daughter had fainting spells and spasms. Last June she took the first of Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic, and since that time they have entirely ceased. JOHN GLOECKNER.

FREE—A Valuable Book on Nervous Diseases sent free to any address, and poor patients can also obtain this medicine free of charge.

This remedy has been prepared by the Reverend Pastor Koenig, of Fort Wayne, Ind., since 1876, and is now prepared under his direction by the

KOENIG MED. CO., Chicago, Ill.

Sold by Druggists at $1 per Bottle. 6 for $5. Large Size, $1.75. 6 Bottles for $9.

THE EVER PRESENT CRISIS.

Once to every man and nation comes the moment to decide,
In the strife of truth with falsehood, for the good or evil side;
Some great cause, God's new Messiah, offering each the bloom or blight,
Parts the goats upon the left hand, and the sheep upon the right,
And the choice goes by forever 'twixt that darkness and that light.

Careless seems the great avenger; history's pages but record
One death grapple in the darkness 'twixt old systems and the Word;
Truth forever on the scaffold, Wrong forever on the throne—
Yet that scaffold sways the future, and behind the dim unknown
Standeth God within the shadow, keeping watch above his own.

Then to side with truth is noble when we share her wretched crust,
Ere her cause bring fame and profit, and 'tis prosperous to be just;
Then it is the brave man chooses, while the coward stands aside,
Doubting in his abject spirit till his Lord is crucified,
And the multitude make virtue of the faith they had denied.

For humanity sweeps onward; where to-day the martyr stands,
On the morrow crouches Judas with the silver in his hand;
Far in front the cross stands ready and the crackling fagots burn,
While the looting mob of yesterday in silent awe return
To glean up the scattered ashes into history's golden urn.

They have rights who dare maintain them: we are traitors to our sires,
Smothering in their holy ashes freedom's new lit altar fires;
Shall we make their creed our jailor? Shall we in our haste to slay,
From the tombs of the old parties steal the funeral lamps away
To light up the martyr fagots round the prophets of to-day?

New occasions teach new duties; Time makes ancient good uncouth;
They must upward still and onward, who would keep abreast of Truth;
Lo, before us gleam our camp-fires; we ourselves must Pilgrims be,
Launch our Mayflower, and steer boldly through the desperate winter sea,
Nor attempt the future's portal with the past's blood-rusted key.

JAMES RUSSELL LOWELL.

PENNSYLVANIA FARMS.

The state board of agriculture has concluded its collection of statistics relating to farm taxation for the present year, and Secretary Edge has arranged the data already collected into a table which will show the number of farms returned from each county, the total estimated value of the farms, the total amount of tax paid on each, the ratio of the assessed to the real value of farms in each county and the average rate of farm taxation in each county of the state.

Thus far 7,566 farms have been returned; their estimated actual value is $50,171,195; and the total amount of tax paid upon them is $451,090,80; this indicates an average rate of 8.3 mills. The taxes are all based upon the rates for the year 1890, and show a variation from 5.1 mills in Dauphin to 18.62 mills in Susquehanna. Secretary Edge reports that there is a growing tendency on the part of county commissioners to use full value as the basis of taxation.

The table shows that in five counties the assessed value is one-fourth of the real value; in fifteen counties the assessed value is one-third of the real value; in five counties the assessed value is one-half of the estimated real value. That is to say that properties are valued at their actual or real value and one-fourth, one-third or one-half of this amount taken for the assessed value upon which the tax rate is levied. Twentyfive counties appear to use the estimated real value as a basis for taxation.

SALT

"Here are some good uses for salt," says Eva Gatllard; Wring a cloth out of strong salt water and wipe the carpet after sweeping. This removes the dusty look which so soon gathers on freshly swept carpets and brightens the colors.

Salt dissolved in alcohol, gin or ammonia will remove grease spots.

A teaspoonful of salt put into a kerosene lamp will improve the quality of the light.

When washing black articles, salt in the water tends to set the colors and prevent them from running.

Damp salt will remove the discoloration on cups and saucers caused by tea or coffee and careless washing.

Brass utensils may be kept beautifully bright by occasionally rubbing with salt and vinegar.

Salt and water will thoroughly clean straw matting or willow furniture that has not been stained or colored. Apply it with a small brush of any kind.

A crack in a stove may be mended by applying a mixture of salt and sifted wood ashes in equal parts, moistened with water. A little plaster of paris adds to the durability of the preparation.

When a scum forms on the inside of bathtubs or the stationary marble wash basins, rub the places with dry salt and it will come off without any trouble.

Drunkenness, or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It is manufactured as a powder, which can be given in a glass of beer, a cup of coffee, or tea, or in food, without the knowledge of the patient. It is absolutely harmless, and will affect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. **It never Fails.** The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. Cures guaranteed. 48 page book of particulars free. Address

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Apr-25-1yr.

—Fully 500 spectators witnessed the football game on the field in Altoona Saturday afternoon. Play was begun promptly at 3.30 o'clock, thirty minute halves being agreed upon. When the first half was over the umpire called time, but the ball was in motion and play was not stopped until the State College team had made a touch down and kicked a goal. The second half was hotly contested, but neither side scored. Score; State College 6, Altoona 0.

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Rots Clothes and Chaps Hands.

IVORY SOAP

DOES NOT.

Chew Old Honesty PLUG TOBACCO

It's as good as Wheat.

Every Chewer Should Insist —on— Having and Trying OLD HONESTY Plug Tobacco. Every Dealer Keeps It and it is made by

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MAGEE'S EMULSION OF PURE **COD LIVER OIL** IN COMBINATION WITH Extract of Malt, and Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites, (Lime and Soda,) A RELIABLE REMEDY FOR PULMONARY DISEASES, COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, DYSPEPSIA, SCROFULA AND GENERAL DEBILITY.

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TALMAGE'S NEW BOOK 400 Wonderful Pictures. Sales Immense. Agents Wanted. Exclusive Territory. Big pay. 30 Days Credit. No Capital Needed. Also send 9 Agents' Addresses and receive FREE TO YOU, Talmage's favorite Picture of Christ, in Oil Colors. Address, HISTORICAL PUB. CO. Phila. Pa.

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RUPTURE

DR J. A. SHERMAN begs to inform those whom it may concern that all patients will be furnished with his CELEBRATED RUPTURE TREATMENT during the months of May, June and July this year at special rates, at his principal office, 294 Broadway, New York. Safety and comfort is assured without restriction from exercise while under treatment for cure. Treatment can be had by corresponding. Send stamp for pamphlet.

A QUAINT RELIGIOUS CUSTOM.

Where the Ceremony of Washing the Feet Is Still Performed.

Civilization in its onward march has swept away from this country many of the peculiar customs and ceremonies of half a century ago, but there is no truer rule than that "there is an exception to every rule," and accordingly many outlandish practices are still in vogue in many sparsely settled parts of the Union. Every section of country has something uncouth or old-fashioned within its borders, to which a few of the old inhabitants will cling, but if they are all as harmless as a ceremony still being occasionally performed in some parts of the South, no one is injured.

In the section alluded to, which embraces Georgia, the Carolinas and North Alabama, is a small and widely scattered religious sect known as "Hard-Shell" or Anti-Missionary Baptists, whose custom of washing each other's feet is worth noting on the score of novelty if nothing else.

This denomination claims to be the Primitive Baptist Church and traces its origin directly to John the Baptist. It was in 1837 that the Georgia "Hard-Shells" withdrew from the orthodox Baptist Church on account of a difference in opinion on the subject of foreign missions, and so bitter were they against this work that they declared in infancy against all forms of missionary teaching. Tract societies, Sunday schools, temperance and Bible organizations fell under the edict which went forth when they declared themselves the primitive church and began to wash each other's feet during their religious meetings.

The members of these churches are excellent farmers, so far as morals go. They are compelled to pay their debts and are not allowed to join the Farmers' Alliance. Only a little while ago this was attempted, but the church promptly disciplined the incautious brethren. They look the temperance question square in the face and say, "We are not going to meddle with you. If any of our members wish to drink they can do so; but not to excess. If they get drunk they are expelled."

That is about the stand they take, and as a man knows he will be expelled for drunkenness, he generally stops when he has drunk enough.

The crowning glory of their religion consists in carrying out the biblical injunction, "Ye call me Master and Lord, and ye say well; for so I am. If I am then your Lord and Master have washed your feet; ye ought, also, to wash one another's feet. For I have given you an example that ye should do as I have done to you."

The washing process is exceedingly simple, the women sitting on one side of the church and the men on the other. At the conclusion of the service basins are brought to the front of the church, and with them buckets of water and towels. When all is ready the women march in groups up to the front bench on their side of the church and the men the same on their side. Half of the group of each side sit down and remove their shoes and stockings and the remainder wash their feet in a semi-agony of religious fervor, carefully drying them after the process. This is continued until all have had their feet washed—those who sat down first always washing immediately afterwards the feet of those who performed a like service for them.—N. Y. World.

Testing Diamonds in the Dark.

Stories of diamonds shining in the dark have always been familiar, but few persons have ever seen this mysterious light of the king of gems. Lately Mr. George F. Kunz, the New York expert in precious stones, has discovered not only that diamonds really do shine in the dark, but that this property may be used as a test of the genuiness of a diamond.

In order to make the gems shine it must be rubbed on wood, cloth or metal. Some diamonds exhibit light after having been exposed in the sunshine, or to a strong electric illumination, and since all are not thus affected, it was formerly supposed that the property belonged only to particular diamonds.

Mr. Kunz, however, finds that all diamonds, of every grade as to color, possess this phosphorescent power, while other kinds of precious stones lack it.

It is accordingly possible to tell whether a gem is really a diamond or not by observing whether it can be made to emit light in the dark. The cause of the phosphorescence of the diamond remaids to be explained.—Youth's Companion.

Small Size of Great Men.

It is a remarkable fact, although rather paradoxical, it must be admitted, that many of the world's greatest men have been small of stature. Sheridan was known as "Little Phil" the world over. George B. McClellan was of but little larger build. Napoleon's nickname, "The Little Corporal" is a household word in every civilized country. "The Iron Duke" (the Duke of Wellington) was often twitted on account of his small stature and big nose. General (Lord) Wolseley is said to be ridiculously small and to be compelled to shorten his stirrups until they would hardly serve a ten-year-old boy when he rides horseback. One's mind's eye is likely to picture Gladstone as a giant both physically and intellectually, but it remains a fact that the Grand Old Man is but five feet and eight inches high.

Singeing the Hair.

The fallacious old practice of singeing the hair in order to prevent its falling out in handfuls has largely fallen into disuse, says the Philadelphia Record. There used to be a time when every barber shop had wax tapers, and the employees would politely ask customers if they desired a "singe," much the same as they now insist on a person taking a shampoo. The philosophy of the singe is simple, but it is fallacious. Barbers contend that the hair is a hollow tube, and the oil from the bulb of the hair exuding from this tube caused the hair to dry up and fall out. Singeing the hair closed up the ends and prevented the loss of oil, thus keeping the hair from falling out. But the fact remains that it did not prevent the hair from falling out, and the practice has gradually become almost extinct.

A Curious Ohio Family.

Living near Waynesville is a family named Yeazel, who lately moved there from Clinton county. Recently the head of the family entered a hardware store at the above-named place and called for seven hoes. The clerk was astonished, whereupon the farmer explained that he had brought but four hoes with him from Clinton county and wanted seven more to keep his sons and himself busy. He is possessed of eleven children, the mother and only daughter having six fingers on each hand, two of the boys six toes on each foot. The family cultivates tobacco, and is regarded with much curiosity by the neighbors on account of the extra supply of fingers and toes.—Cincinnati Enquirer

AMERICAN TITLES.

People Born In This Country Who Have Handles to Their Names.

It is well known that the Constitution of the United States frowns upon titles and orders of nobility, yet there are many native-born Americans whose dignities range from the humbler orders of Knighthood to the exalted rank of princes. And I am not now alluding to heiresses, who have been raised to the peerage by marriage. These instances are already familiar to the public. What is is less known is the fact that many American men haven won a similar elevation by direct grant from a foreign crown.

The famous scientist, Count Rumford, was a plain New England Yankee named Thompson, who went abroad, attracted general attention by his chemical discoveries, and was ennobled by the King of Bavaria. In our own days Edison has been made a count, and Pullman, of parlor car fame, a marquis, by King Humbert, but neither of them cares to sport the title, and it is only alluded to in a jocular fashion by their friends.

The Pope has conferred the order of Chevalier on several Americans, the most notable being the millionaire Joseph Bannigan, of Providence, R. I. The father of Edgar Saltus was knighted by Queen Victoria and has the right to call himself Sir Francis Saltus, but has the good taste never to exercise that right. Marmaduke Richardson, a well-known New Yorker, was made a count by King Humbert, but never sports the title. There are many Americans now living abroad who are not so modest. A certain American criminal, well known to the police here as Max Shinbaum and by numerous other aliases, is now living in Belgium as Baron Shinbaum.

A former Boston spiritualist, Charles Hamilton Fiske by name, made his appearance in Wurtemberg a year or two ago as the Count de Vernois, and for a period enjoyed the highest favor of the King, until he was deposed by concerted action on the part of the native nobility. In both these cases it is not certain that the titles were genuine, although it is quite possible that they may have been acquired by purchase, as easy step on the continent of Europe. Genuine Spanish titles, for example, may be bought pretty cheap, the price ranging from thirty thousand francs for a countship to eight hundred for a knightship.

In Italy the decayed nobility are entitled to adopt strangers as their sons for a monetary consideration, and the adoption carries with it such titular dignity as would be the birth-right of a real son. The consideration, as a rule, is not large. A New York journalist, now living abroad, is said to have purchased the title of "Prince Chialdini" for a mere trifle of $75. To conclude, an instance of titled American citizens born on American soil is afforded by the children of the Marchioness Danza, the novelist, all of whom are members of the Italian nobility.—Epoch.

To Straighten the Shoulders.

Round shoulders are so objectionable from every point of view that any practicable and easy way of preventing them should be widely made known. A cotemporary states, however, that those who have round shoulders may make themselves shapely and healthy if they will but bestow a little trouble and perseverance on the process. This consists in going through the simple and easily performed exercise of raising one's self upon the toes leisurely in a perpendicular position several times a day. A perfectly upright position must be taken, with the heels together, and the toes at an angle of 45 degrees. The arms must be dropped lifeless by the side, perfectly relaxed, the chest must be drawn to its full muscular capacity and the chin will be drawn in. The further instructions are to slowly rise up on the balls of the feet to the greatest possible height, thereby exercising all the muscles of the legs and body; then to come into a standing position without swaying the body backward out of the perfect line. Repeat this exercise persistently and good effects will soon be noticed.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Electricity in Tooth Extraction.

The extraction of teeth by electricity has excited a good deal of interest and some curiosity. When the patient takes hold of the handles of the battery the current is gradually increased in intensity until the patient can bear no more; then, while the forceps are being introduced, the current is turned off for a second, and on again. The rest is the same as without electricity. The question: "Why is it that electricity prevents pain?" was recently ingeniously answered by Dr. Arthur Harries. He said: "Electricity travels over the nerve at the rate of 420 vibrations a second; pain travels from the tooth to the brain in one-sixteenth of a second. My theory is that the electricity, being so much quicker and having the greatest force behind it, gets to the brain first, and then keeps the line for itself, crowding out the pain."

What a Pound of Coal Will Do.

A curious and interesting calculation has been made by Prof. Rogers, of Washington, D. C., on the dynamic power of coal. According to the professor, a single pound of good steam coal has within it dynamic power equivalent to the work of one man for one day. Three tons of the same coal represent a man's labor for a period of twenty years, and one square mile of a seam of coal, having a depth of four feet only, represents as much work as 1,000,000 men can perform in twenty years.

Same Old Candidate.

A hard-working woman was asked:

"Madam, are you a woman suffragist?"

"No, sir," was the answer, "I haven't time to be."

"Haven't time? Well, if you had the privilege of voting whom would you support?"

"The same man I have supported for the last ten years."

"And who is that?"

"My husband."—Lincoln (Neb) Journal.

Jelly and Starfish.

The jelly-fish hasn't any teeth, but uses himself just as if he were a piece of paper when he is hungry, getting his food and then wrapping himself about it. The star-fish, on the contrary, turns himself inside out and wraps his food around him, and stays that way until he has had enough. The prongs of the starfish look like teeth, but in reality they are not, being nothing but ornaments to his person.

Mixed Descriptions.

It is a singular thing that a man should often get into a brown study when the book he is studying is read. It is equally amusing that a man should get the blues when his wife gets a green cook. It is also interesting to see him put on a long face when he discovers that his accounts are short.—Greensburg Sparks.

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From Mrs A G Silverheels, Corydon, Warren county, Pa.: We are well pleased with the organ. Good tone and found to be as represented. jy23 1y

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FOLK LORE OF PLANTS.

SOME CURIOUS POETIC LEGENDS AND QUAINT TRADITIONS.

Flowers that Originally "Sprung from the Blood of Warriors Bold"—The Poppies of Waterloo—Legends of the Red Clover and Lily.

A long list of brilliant scholars have written volumes on what Mr. T. F. Thiselton Dyer happily calls "the folk lore of plants," and there are few things more interesting than the community of belief thus established between nations as widely separated as the poles.

The articles of his *credo* are told in trees, shrubs and flowers familiar to all, and its clauses touch the lovers of nature in our day as sensibly as they did those who walked in the fields and forests when the world was young and its history was brewing.

Of course much that they say is as profound as the sea, and as learned as the Wise Men of Greece; but above the deep currents that sweep us back to the days when the morning stars sang together there plays a sparkling spray—a gleaming crest of poetic legend and quasi tradition that all of us can enjoy, even though we are of the outer brotherhood.

To the blood of warriors slain in battle we are indebted for a number of favorites, a few of them being the marigold "which sprang on the Mexican soil stained by the life blood of those who fell victims to the love of gold and the cruelty of the early Spanish settlers;" the Daneweed of Daventry (which grows all about Barrow Hill), we are assured, sprang from the blood of the Danes slain there, and though centuries have elapsed since its first baleful sowing, it still bleeds "if cut on a certain day in the year!" The poppies of Waterloo, the peasants say, appeared during the spring that followed the first plowing-in of the land after the Duke of Wellington's victory, and poetry adds that the blue eyes of the dead Englishman opened in the corn flowers and forget-me-nots that starred the field the year after that great battle.

The Indians of Virginia have left a tradition that the red clover is the outgrowth of the blood of the braves killed in the perpetual warfare that swept up and down the mountains and valleys of the Old Dominion, and Folkard, in his "Plant Lore, Legends, and Lyrics," relates that after Towton, "a certain kind of wild rose is reported to have sprung up in the field where the Yorkists and Lancastrians fell." The fame is sung in the *trouveres* of the field of Roncesvaux. Saintly legend attributes the lily of the valley to the shedding of the pure blood of St. Leonard, who for three days struggled in deadly conflict through the Sussex wood that bears his name with the "fire-drake"—defined by Mr. Dyer as "the gigantic worm of the forest."

Romance roots the eglantine in the heart of the dead Tristam, once lover of Iseult; the Servian folk songs make the red rose grow from the heart of a betrothed maid who dies just before her wedding day, and the northern nations generally make three lilies spring from the graves of dead virgins and the innocent who have been unjustly accused and executed; while the blossoming of dry staves into lily clusters is heaven's own testimony in behalf of its clients, from the East round the world with the sun.

Our Iroquois invest the corn, the bean, and the pumpkin with the personality of three beautiful girls, and the exquisite Greek myths of flower transformations, dryads, and hymadryads find faithful facsimiles in far countries, though of course the grace of outline varies widely with the nationality that does the etching.

All lands seem to agree, however, in the peculiar reverence paid the oak tree, and the assigned cause is that it is not only Thor's tree, but a "lightning plant" as well. This last characteristic it shares with the ash, the white thorn, the hazel, and the mistletoe, and the part they play in every myth and fact of the early history and religious ceremonials of the nations makes us grateful that Fiskes, Fergusons, Leary's, Grimms, and Lubbocks have been raised to garner their splendid harvests in the fields of legendary lore.

As recently as 1870 Sir John Lubbock tells of an oak copse at Loch Saint, in the Isle of Skye, which was held "so sacred that no person would venture to cut the smallest branch from it," and Aubrey quotes fully the coincidence of disaster in the family of the Earl of Winchelsea, who "at Eastwell, in Kent, felled down a most curious grove of oaks near his own noble seat, and gave the first blow with his own hands. Shortly after his countess died in her bed suddenly, and his eldest son, the Lord Maidstone, was killed at sea by a cannon bullet."

The *stock am eisen* of Vienna is almost too well known to mention, but Fergusson, in his "Tree and Serpent Worship," describes it very attractively—"the sacred tree into which every apprentice, down to recent times, before setting out on his 'wanderjahre' drove a nail for luck. It now stands in the centre of that great capital, the last remaining vestige of the sacred grave, round which the city has grown up and in the sight of the proud cathedral, which has now replaced and superseded its more venerable shade."

In Westphalia the peasants always go out and announce any death in the family to the nearest oak tree, and they have uniquely wedded pagan and Christian legend in a tradition that the Wandering Jew can only rest when and where he finds two oak trees growing together in the form of a cross.

All of the five trees above named are singularly beneficent, but as a defense against the evils of witchcraft the ash stands pre-eminent, so much so that to this very day in the north countries all the churndashers and the cattle-goads and staves are made of ash wood; every house has its guardian ash tree, and a bit of "rowan" is carried by every milkmaid who "goes to the mountain" with or for her herds, or is set over the stable door when they are home.—Ella Loraine Dorsey in Washington Post.

Five Act Tragedy.

"The Quigley's 've got a boy. He's as nice a little baby as ever was!"

"There goes that horrid Quigley boy. What a pestilential little nuisance the brat is!"

"What a guy young Quigley is, and oh, so fresh!"

"Quigley is an odd stick. Mighty dull company, eh?"

"Old Quigley's dead."

"That so?"

And thus ends life's history.—Boston Transcript.

Rough on the Doctors.

Smith—I read so many cases of people being buried alive. Is there no remedy for it?

Jones—The only remedy I know is for the Legislature to pass a law compelling doctors to finish their work properly.—Texas Siftings.

Georgia's Boneless Child.

There is in the State of Georgia to-day, says the Athens Banner, a child eleven years old, but very little larger than when it was first born, and without a bone in its entire body.

A citizen of Athens tells us this, and he is a gentleman of undoubted veracity. The names of the parents and the place where they reside are not given, as they are sensitive upon the subject.

This curious freak of nature is suggested at present by a story going the rounds of the press concerning a woman in New York gradually becoming ossified. She noticed the ends of her fingers becoming stiffened, and one day knocked one of her fingers against a table and broke off the end joint. It was a solid bone and very brittle. Her nose and feet are now turning to bone.

On the other hand, here is a human being without a bone in its body. If the former is a curiosity, what must be this latter?

The child in question was born without any bones in its body, and has lived until now it is eleven years old. It has never grown to any appreciable size, and although eleven years old, is not much larger than it was when born. It has never talked, and, consequently, takes no notice of its surroundings.

Necessarily, it is a hard thing to keep it alive, but its parents are very devoted to it, and some one stays by it constantly to feed it on milk and water. It is necessary to give it milk or water almost every fifteen minutes.

Strange to say, the mother is more devoted to it than any of her other children, and says she would rather give any of them up than this one. If this child were to die, she says, it would land her in the asylum.

For years and years she has sat by its bedside, and her mind has been so constantly upon it that she would go crazy if it were taken from her.

The child gives no evidence of ever growing any larger than it is now.

This is vouched for as the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, and the gentleman who told this knows the name of the parents and where they live.

Benedict Arnold a Druggist.

It is not generally known, even to those interested in matters historical, that Benedict Arnold in his younger days kept an apothecary's shop here, says a New Haven, Conn., despatch. He was born in Norwich, in a pretentious house still standing, and Dr. Lathrop taught him the drug business in a little shop in the village street. Arnold removed to New Haven and started a drug shop, where he dealt out pills and nostrums to the townspeople, whom he later treated to pills of which lead was the principal ingredient.

The old sign which swung in front of the drug shop is now an interesting relic in the possession of the historical society, the words "From London" being a clever dodge which he played on the guileless Yankee, and clearly showing his character years before he became a traitor.

Surrounded by freight trains and lumber yards in Water street stands the house in which Arnold lived. It is a roomy structure. A pathway bordered by boxwood leads to a covered porch, on either side of which is a seat. The waters of New Haven bay came up to the gate of the house in years gone by, and Water street was then lined with handsome villas belonging to wealthy residents. At the lower end was the fashionable Pavilion hotel, now a factory.

Tea as a Test for Poison.

"Tea," says a woman who knows, "clear tea, without sugar or cream, is one of the best of agents for the detection of suspected poison. I remember stopping once, in my travels, at a little country inn whose buxom landlady offered me some beautiful-looking waffles, besides which she sat down a small pitcher of syrup. There was talk at that time—it was several years ago—about the adulteration of some syrups, and this particular pitcherful had a peculiar color which I did not like. So I asked that a cup of tea be brought to me first, and when it came I took a teaspoonful of the syrup and put it in.

"Instantly the tea turned perfectly black, showing the presence of a mineral poison. I don't know that there would have been enough to have done me serious harm, but as I don't care to take poison even homeopathically, when I know it, I ate my waffles that day with butter and sugar. More than that, I called the landlady's attention to the circumstance, which resulted in banishing all of the syrup she had in the house.—N. Y. Times.

An Ex-President.

A young Englishman, a reporter on a New York paper, relates one of his early experiences. "I was sent up to interview a fellow by the name of Hayes, don't you know, who was stopping at an uptown hotel," he says.

"The slip I was given by the city editor read:

"'See ex-President Hayes at the —— Hotel, and get something about his plans in New York.'

"I found the hotel and sent up my card. I was received quite nicely by Mr. Hayes. He told me what he was going to do, and then, as I wanted to make my story complete, I asked him what he was ex-president of.

"He told me he was ex-President of the United States. It was awfully confusing, don't you know," concludes the young Englishman, plaintively, "but there are so many ex-presidents over here."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Good Ground for Unbelief.

Father—Come, Johnny, do as I bade you! Take off your coat this instant.

Johnny—You ain't goin' to lick me, are you?

Father—Certainly I am. Didn't I tell you this morning I would pay you off for your behavior?

Johnny—Yes, but I didn't think you'd do it. You told the grocer and the butcher you'd pay 'em off last week and I know you let up on them.—Boston Courier.

Musical Fish of Ceylon.

Every bay and inlet on the coast of Ceylon abounds with musical fish. Their song, if it may be called a song, is not one sustained note like a bird's, but a multitude of tiny, soft, sweet sounds, each clear and distinct in itself, something like the vibrations of a wine glass when its rim is rubbed with the moistened finger. In the harbor at Bombay, India, there is a fish with a song like the sound of an Æolian harp.

And They Are Very Numerous.

Many of the fools think they can beat the lawyer in expounding the law; one-half think they can beat the doctor in healing the sick; two-thirds of them think they can beat the minister preaching the gospel, and all of them know they can beat the editor in making a newspaper.—Phrenological Journal.

ADDTIONAL LOCALS.

—Quay means business.

—The ice man is now not alone.

—Another big frost this morning.

—The coal dealers' harvest has begun.

—How to catch a husband—grab him by the hair.

—Butternuts are selling for 25 cents a bushel and up.

—The electric lights are now being burned all night on the streets.

—Mr. James Whittaker and family have moved into the second story of the Haupt building opposite the Bush House.

—Some of the county newspaper editors who published the Quay—Bardsley certificate are now quaking in their shoes.

—Bear seem to be plenty in the neighborhood of Renovo. The *News* man had better look out lest they carry him off.

—On Wednesday afternoon two of Dr. Hoy's horses ran away at the same time and both were hitched in different rigs.

—The newest ribbons are shot with gold threads, says an exchange. Yes, and the best of men are very frequently shot with gold bullets.

—The Snow Shoe M. E. church caught fire on Wednesday morning from a defective flue, but fortunately, the flames were extinguished before much damage was done.

—Residents of Bellefonte are now having an opportunity to compare the power of the incandescent electric light on the streets with the arc light. How do you like it?

—Mr. John Sourbeck has sufficiently recovered from the blow on his nose, by the hind foot of his pony, to be at his store again as usual. John says that was the only time he was ever knocked out in the first round.

—Over in Philipsburg the street commissionner gathers up the leaves that have fallen and carts them away. In Bellefonte the leaves that are not burned on the street are allowed to remain as a sort of fall carpet, you know.

—While speaking at a large mass meeting in the Academy of Music in Philadelphia on Thursday night ex-Governor Beaver fainted, and was unable to complete his speech. Evidently too much political speaking is telling on the General.

—What galling confidence some democrats have. There are a number of men of this faith who are just now trying to claim the earth and part of the next world in the result of next Tuesday's election. Oh, well! let them feel good while they can.

—Why don't the county commissioners and the town council come together on the matter of laying the sewer pipe down High street? The winter is fast approaching when it will be next impossible to do anything of that kind hence the work ought to be done now.

—Conductor Ed. Zerbe, who received a hearing a day or two ago for the part he played in the wreck of the Day Express below the nail works on October 14th, received as his punishment thirty days suspension. We are sorry for Mr. Zerbe, as all indications point to him as being entirely innocent of any neglect of duty.

—Suggestions for hunters: When you go hunting throw your gun carelessly over a fence; put your foot on the hammer while you blow in the barrel; use your gun as a cane—barrel towards your head—when disgusted with your bad luck, and if carried out to the letter you don't get a free pass to the glory land, then we miss our predictions.

—On Thursday 'Squire Foster and Charlie Warfel went out to hunt squirrel. They were out nearly all day and when they returned they had a woodcock and a pheasant. Dr. Parrish and Robert Hunter were also out but they had better luck, as Robert Hunter bagged a 16-pound wild turkey. On next Monday Hunter and Quigley contemplate taking a trip to Beech Woods to hunt deer.

—Hoover, Hughes & Co., of this city, have been engaged for some time in the building of a magnificent hotel, intended as a winter resort, at Buchanan, Va., for certain capitalists in that section. The building was nearly completed, and you can imagine how the firm felt yesterday when they received a telegram stating that the building was totally destroyed by fire during the morning. The loss will be about $80,000 on which there is partial insurance. We hope the contractors will not suffer any loss as a result of the fire. During the many years the firm have been in existence, erecting hundreds of valuable structures, this is the first building that has ever been destroyed by fire while in course of erection.—Philipsburg *Journal*.

PAYING THE DEBT.

By a resolution passed by the Sinking Fund Commissioners of the State of Pennsylvania on Wednesday, we shall soon see the largest reduction in our State indebtedness which has ever been made at any one time. Owing to the large amount of idle and unproductive State funds in the hands of the Treasurer of the Commonwealth, it was resolved that the five per cent. bonds of the State, soon to become due, and amounting to $3,028,000, should be paid off at maturity. On the first of February, therefore, that amount of bonds will be redeemed, if presented, and interest on them will stop.

BRIBERY AT THE ELECTIONS.

THE PENALTY FOR CORRUPTING VOTERS—FINE AND THE JAIL.

Voters and politicians would do well to carefully consider the following act of the Legislature: If any elector, authorized to vote at any public election, shall directly or indirectly accept or receive from any persons any gift or reward in money, goods or other valuable thing, under an agreement or promise, express or implied, that such elector shall give his vote for any particular candidate or candidates at such election, or shall accept or received the promise of any person that he shall thereafter receive any gift or reward, in money or other valuable thing, any office, appointment or employment, public or private, or any personal or pecuniary advantage what soever, under such an agreement or promise, express or implied, such elector shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, on conviction of either of the said offences, be sentenced to pay a fine, not exceeding one hundred dollars, and undergo an imprisonment not exceeding six months.

Any person who shall, directly or indirectly, give, or offer to give, any such gift or reward to any such elector, with the intent to induce him to vote for any particular candidate or candidates at such election, or shall, directly or indirectly, procure or agree to give any such gift or reward to such elector, with the intent aforesaid, or shall, with the intent to influence or intimidate such elector to give his vote for any particular candidate or candidates at such election, give, offer or promise to give such elector, any office, place, appointment or employment, or threaten such elector with dismissal or discharge from any office, place, appointment or employment, public or private, then held by him, in case of his refusal to vote for any particular candidate or candidates at such election, the person so offending shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, and undergo an imprisonment not exceeding two years.

Unionville Items.

The abundant crops of the season are nearly garnered. Conisderable corn is still in the field.

William P. Fisher and son have housed over three thousand bushels of fine apples in their large fruit house and made dozens of barrels of cider to be turned into vinegar. They intend by next year to have one of the new hydraulic presses so they will then be better than ever prepared for cider making.

Mrs. L. B. Bathurst, who recently had her hip put out of joint by falling on a wet board, is improving.

George, a young son of Irwin Calhoun, had one of his arms broken a few days ago by falling from an apple tree while picking fruit at Mr. William Fishers.

Mrs. Laura Daily, of Dubois, Pa, is in Fleming on a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Hoover.

Mr. Alfred Peters has just moved to this place.

Politics are quiet, but a great many silent missives in the way of circulars and mixed tickets are being sent in here by the demoratic leaders; but they might as well save their postarge. One prominent democrat, on receiving the circulars, swore he had voted his last democratic ticket.

Mr. John Alexander has just returned from Lock Haven, where he has been visiting for several months. J.

DEATH OF A BOY.

Diphtheria has been raging in Snow Shoe and vicinity and has been claiming its quota in the harvest of death. Among those thus claimed was bright litte John A Fravel, better known as "Allie." No boy was more fitted for the change, his life spoke for him. With a bright smile always on his face, and with a pleasant word he always greeted everyone. He enjoyed the Sabbath school and church services and could not bear to see others abusing the services in any way. He is missed on our streets, and in the public and Sabbath schools, but most of all in the home he brightened and which is indeed desolate without him, but not desolate without hope.

* *

ANOTHER TRUE BILL AGAINST DILL

PITTSBURGH, October 28.—In the United States district court to-day the grand jury found a true bill in the second indictment against W. H. Dill, president of the First National bank of Clearfield, charging him with misappropriating funds. The counts number one to twenty-eight, inclusive, accusing him as an officec of the bank of embezzling funds: twenty-nine to thirty-one, of misapplying funds. The thirty-second charges him with abstracting funds. It is thought that the total amount of his short age will reach nearly $100,000.

A SERIOUS EXPLOSION.

Salvina Cavauch, a Hungarian, employed in digging fire-clay at Morgan Run, met with a serious accident Monday. While having in his hand three dynamite cartridges, he thoughtlessly struck a match, with the result that a spark fell on one of the cartridges, causing a terrible explosion. His arm was so badly lacerated, that when he was taken to the Philipsburg Cottage hospital same evening, it was found necessary to amputate the same.

—J. W. Butler & Son, of Chicago, P. O. Drawer 692, advertise to furnish strangers visiting the World's Fair in 1893, with guides and chaperons. Also hotel accommodations secured, mail shopping orders errands and information desired given prompt attention. Correspondence solicited.

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the song of praise.—A purer medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum and other affection caused by impure blood.—Will drive Malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all Malarial fevers.—For cure of Headache, Constipation and Indigestion try Electric Bitters—Entire satisfaction guaranteed, or money refunded.—Price 50 cts. and $1.00 per bottle at C. M. Parrish Drugstore.

THREE HUNDRED KILLED.

LONDON, October 28.—A private telegram, dated Higo, received in this city to-night, confirms the report that a disastrous earthquake shock has occurred in Japan. The telegram says that a severe shock was experienced at Osaks and that the destruction to both life and property was very great. So severe was the shock that a number of houses were thrown to the ground and many of the occupants were caught in the falling buildings and crushed to death. A large number of persons succeeded in escaping from their tottering houses, only to meet death in the streets to which they had fled for safety from the falling debris. There is no means of estimating the total loss of life at present; in fact details of the catastrophe are very meager, as the telegraph wires in the district were broken by the fall of poles which were thrown down by the seismic disturbance. The above mentioned private dispatch, however, states it is known that in Osaka one death list contains the names of 300 residents of that city.

LADIES

In delicate health, the result of irregularity of the natural functions, or of any of the ills peculiar to your sex, if you will write me, I will send you full information in regard to my cure, together with a few samples of the genuine testimonials I have received from thousands of thankful women. The M. U. Pastilles have stood the test of 18 years in a very extensive medical practice and have never failed to give beneficial results. Sample 12 cents; full box $1.00. Do not fail to learn more of them at once. Dr. H. H. Jackson, 103, State Street, Chicago, Ill. jy 30—1y

CHILI NEEDS A TROUNCING.

SANTIAGO DE CHILI, October 28.—The Chilian government has replied to Minister Egan's demand for an explanation of the recent attack upon American sailors. The reply is couched in very strong language, and it is understood that it amounts to a refusal to accept the responsibility for the affair. The state department has been notified and Minister Egan, Commander Schley and Consul McCreery are consulting together, and it is thought that decisive action will be taken soon. The orders of the state department in reference to the matter are very strong. The intendento of Valparasio has refused to guarantee the safety of market boats coming to that city early in the morning from the United States warship Baltimore, or the safety of the officers of that vessel coming ashore. Grert excitement has been caused here by a report that the Chilian legation in Washington had been attacked.

HOW OFTEN.

We see some young man who has squandered his money and ruined his health by excesses, and before 30 years of age is an all broken down and played out man! In all such cases I prescribe nature's tonic and nervine, Sulphur Bitters. They supply food for the brain, strengthen the nerves, and are successful in nine cases out of ten.—*Old Physician.*

THANKSGIVING.

As the time for Thanksgiving Day approaches do the citizens of these United States fully feel how very much they this year have to be thankful for? What bountiful harvests of grain; what wonderful crops of fruit; for good health peace and happiness; for the prosperity of individual and nation and for manifold blessngs unmentionable. And in Pennsylvania the people have even more than this to be thankful for. They can give thanks that the offices of our great Commonwealth are being purged and cleansed of the corrupt; that men are being made to know that honesty must prevail; that partisan principles will not shield the criminal nor stay the hand of justice. And thus we might go on and on and on and fill this paper with the many things there are to be thankful for but we will desist, only to say that when Thanksgiving Day comes do not fail to be truly thankful.

PILES! PILES! ITCHING PILES.

Symptom—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. Swayne's Ointment stops the itching and bleeding heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists, or by mail for 50 cents. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelpha. s 24-1 y

Letter List.

The following letters remain uncalled for in the Postoffice Oct. 29 1891.

J. M. Allers; Mrs. Mary Clark; William Casper; John Fusser; E. L. Hawks; William Kelch; John R. Love; Mattie Watson; S. Weaver.

When called for please say advertised.

J. A. FIEDLER. P. M.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE LADIES' HOME JOURNAL.

Decked in a new and unusually artistic Thanksgiving cover, the November *Ladies' Home Journal* comes as the first reminder that the holidays are approaching. Everything about this issue of the *Journal* seems of the best, and a high standard has never been reached in any previous number. Whether one reads Mrs. Henry Ward Beecher's second reminiscent paper of "Mr. Beecher as I Knew Him," or listens to Delmonico, the great caterer, as he tells how to set a table and arrange a dinner; or to Russell Sage, the New York financier as he describes, for mothers, "The Boy That Is Wanted" in business to-day—each feature is as good as the next. A whole page most timely illustrates "A Group of Pretty Dolls," and tells how to make them "New Ideas For Church Sociables" will interest thousands of church women; Max O'Rell's wife is sketched in the capital series of "Unknown Wives of Well-Known Men," while Rachel Sherman the pretty daughter of the late General Sherman, opens the new series of "Clever Daughter of Clever Men," Palmer Cox's "Brownies" are irresistible in their fun, Ella Wheeler Wilcox tells of "Mistakes We Make With Men"; Dr. Talmage has a whole page on Thanksgiving, and likewise, has Maria Parloa "Miss French, of the State Department," is an excellent story by Mary Bradly, as is also another short story called "The Flowing Shoestring." In fact, there is no end to the good things in this, by far the best, number of the JOURNAL ever made. Ten cents is the price of this number, or One dollar a year the subscription price. The Curtis Publishing Company, Philadelphia.

To Our Subscribers.

The Special Announcement which appeared in our columns some time since, announcing a special arrangement with Dr. B. J. Kendall Co., of Enosburgh Falls, Vt., publishers of "A Treatise on the Horse and his Diseases," whereby our subscribers were enabled to obtain a copy of that valuable work free by sending their address to B. J. Kendall Co. (and enclosing a two-cent stamp for mailing same) is renewed for a limited period. We trust all will avail themselves of the opportunity of obtaining this valuable work. To every lover of the Horse it is indispensable, as it treats in a simple manner all the diseases which afflict this noble animal. Its phenomenal sale throughout the United States and Canada, make it standard authority. Mention this paper when sending for "Treatise." a 6—11t.

ONE POUND PEOPLES HORSE AND CATTLE POWDERS TRADE MARK. CONTAINS NO POISON

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Horses, Cattle, Sheep & Hogs.

Excels any remedy for the rapid cure of Hard Colds, Coughs, Hide Bound, Yellow Water, Fever, Distemper, Sore and Weak Eyes, Lung Fever, Costiveness, Blotches, and all difficulties arising from impurities of the Blood. Will relieve Heaves at once. *Manufactured By the*

HOPPA MANUFACTURING CO., LYONS, N. Y.

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.

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To cure costiveness the medicine must be more than a purgative. To be permanent, it must contain

Tonic, Alterative and Cathartic Properties.

Tutt's Pills possess these qualities in an eminent degree, and

Speedily Restore

to the bowels their natual peristaltic motion, so essential to regularity.

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Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

ARE YOU CONSUMPTIVE

Use Parker's Ginger Tonic. It cures the worst Cough, Weak Lungs, Debility, Indigestion, Pain, Take in time. 50 cts.

HINDERCORNS. The only sure cure for Corns. Stops all pain. 15c. at Druggists, or HISCOX & CO., N. Y.

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$5500.00 a year is being made by John R. Goodwin, Troy, N.Y., at work for us. Reader, you may not make as much, but we can teach you quickly how to earn from $5 to $10 a day at the start, and more as you go on. Both sexes, all ages. In any part of America, you can commence at home, giving all your time, or spare moments only to the work. All is new. Great pay SURE for every worker. We start you. Everything you need sent free. Capital not required. You can live at home and work only in spare time, or all the time. All of the great money making opportunities. Send for special private terms and particulars, which we mail free. Now is the time. Those already at work are laying up large sums of money. Don't delay. Address at once, STINSON & CO., PORTLAND, MAINE.

SULPHUR BITTERS

The Greatest Blood Purifier KNOWN.

This Great German Medicine is the cheapest and best. 128 doses of SULPHUR BITTERS for $1.00, less than one cent a dose. It will cure the worst cases of skin disease, from a common pimple on the face to that awful disease Scrofula. SULPHUR BITTERS is the best medicine to use in all cases of such stubborn and deep seated diseases. Do not ever take

BLUE PILLS

or mercury, they are dead ly. Place your trust in SULPHUR BITTERS, the purest and best medicine ever made.

Don't Wait! Your Kidneys are out of order. Use SULPHUR BITTERS. If you are sick, no matter what ails you, use

Sulphur Bitters!

Is your Tongue Coated with a yellow sticky substance? Is your breath foul and offensive? Your stomach is out of order. Use SULPHUR BITTERS immediately Is your Urine thick, cloudy, or

The Invalid's Friend.

Don't wait until you are unable to walk, or are flat on your back, but get some at once, it will cure you. Sulphur Bitters is The young, the aged and tottering are soon made well by its use. Remember what you read here, it may save your life, it has saved hundreds. Don't wait until to-morrow,

Try a Bottle To-day!

Are you low-spirited and weak, or suffering from the excesses of youth? If so, SULPHUR BITTERS will cure you.

Send 3 2-cent stamps to A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass., for best medical work published?

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The only true practical

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is one that promotes digestion, improves th appetite, cleanses the liver, purifies the blood, and stimulates brain and nerves without *injurious reaction*, and one that may be taken alike by adult or infant. Profane compounds, made of vile rum or bad whiskey, sweetened and flavored, under the titles of bitters, tonics, &c, produce effects far worse than the disease for which they are taken

Vinegar Bitters is a pure tonic, a nervine without being narcotic, a purifier without poison, a liver tonic without purging, and above all, a life-giving stimulus without alcohol. The only medicine with such powers in the world.

A GENUINE TEMPERANCE BEVERAGE,

far surpassing alcohol in any shape as a tonic it might be called

LIQUID LIFE,

since it stimulates, invigorates and regulates digestion, nutrition, secretion, excretion, respiration, and all the functions whereby life is maintained—we literally take to *vitality in spoonfuls.*

It is too much to assert that *the equal of Vinegar Bitters does not exist,* as no counterpart or compound with similar virtues has ever been known

CALIFORNIA,

If remarkable for nothing else, will be immortalized by the production of the medicinal fruits roots and herbs of which this Bitters is composed. Many of them used by the Indians and the medical profession in the treatment of chills and fevers rheumatism, catarrh consumption, neuralgia headaches, liver complaints, kidney disease, jaundice, gout, piles, boils, skin diseases, &c, &c., too numerous to mention, but easily understood when the action of the Bitters on the vital functions is remembered. The discovery was partly accidental but the present

PERFECT BITTERS IS THE RESULT OF SCIENCE.

Millions of sufferers have gratefully and gladly endorsed during the past quarter of a century the wonderful success of this

PHENOMENAL TONIC OF THE WORLD

In order to meet every probable demand, two formulas of the same ingredients are now put up.

THE OLD STYLE IS STRONGER, SLIGHTLY BITTER, AND MORE CATHARTIC.

THE NEW STYLE, PLEASANT TO THE TASTE, AND EXPRESSLY ADAPTED TO DELICATE WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

REMEMBER

There is *no disease* of low vitality, debility of functions, or nervous prostration for which

VINEGAR BITTERS IS NOT CURATIVE, and its singular power over the lower organisms renders it the implacable foe of

THE DEADLY MICROBE AND OMNIPRESENT BACTERIA

in malarial diseases, cholera, consumption, internal diseases, &c., and so great is its power as a germicide that it is an

UNEQUALLED VERMIFUGE

A book could be written of its virtues, and another of testimonials, but it is only necessary to remember its general action upon the liver, blood, brain and nerves, to realize its use in a majority *of the ills that flesh is heir to, and that no family should ever be without a bottle of*

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When I say CURE I do not mean merely to stop them for a time, and then have them return again. I MEAN A RADICAL CURE. I have made the disease of

FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS,

A life-long study. I WARRANT my remedy to CURE the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a FREE BOTTLE of my INFALLIBLE REMEDY. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and it will cure you. Address

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RAILROADS

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—TIME Table, Dec. 14, 1890.

STATIONS	Dis	Westward A.M	Westward P.M
LOCK HAVEN		4 40	9 15
Flemington—f	1.8	4 43	9 19
Mill Hall	3.0	4 45	9 22
Beech Creek	8.8	4 56	9 34
Eagleville—f	9.9	4 59	37
Howard	14.5	5 07	9 48
Mt. Eagle—f	17.7	5 14	9 56
Curtin	19.9	5 18	10 01
Milesburg	23.5	5 25	10 12
BELLEFONTE	23.2	5 35	10 25
Milesburg	23.5	5 45	10 35
Snow Shoe Int	24.8	5 48	10 38
Unionville	28.5	5 55	10 48
Julian	32.9	6 05	10 59
Martha	37.0	6 13	11 09
Port Matilda	40.4	6 21	11 17
Hannah—f	42.7	6 25	11 26
Fowler—f	45.6	6 30	11 49
Dix—f	46.3	6 33	11 32
Bald Eagle	49.3	6 40	11 38
Vail	51.2	6 44	11 43
East Tyrone	53.0	6 48	11 48
TYRONE	54.3	6 55	11 55

STATIONS	Dis	Eastward A.M	P.M.	P.M.
TYRONE		8 19	2 10	7 15
East Tyrone	1.3	8 17	2 17	7 22
Vail	3.1	8 20	2 20	7 26
Bald Eagle	5.0	8 25	2 24	7 33
Dix—f	5.9	8 29	2 30	7 39
Fowler—f	9.3	8 32	2 33	7 42
Hannah—f	10.6	8 35	2 37	7 46
Port Matilda	13.9	8 43	2 44	7 55
Martha	17.3	8 51	2 52	8 05
Julian	21.4	8 59	4 01	8 15
Unionville	25.8	9 10	4 19	8 25
Snow Shoe Int	29.5	9 18	4 13	8 35
Milesburg	29.8	9 22	4 20	8 39
BELLEFONTE	33.5	9 32	4 30	8 49
Milesburg	30.8	9 47	4 49	9 01
Curtin	34.4	10 01	4 47	9
Mt Eagle—f	36.6	10 04	4 55	9
Howard	39.8	10 16	5 02	
Eagleville—f	44.4	10 34	5 19	
Beech Creek	45.6	10 36	5 16	9 48
Mill Hall	51.3	10 49	5 24	10 01
Flemington	52.5	10 54	5 27	10 06
LOCK HAVEN	54.3	11 00	5 30	10 10

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table in effect Dec. 14th, 1890.

Westward P.M	Westward A.M	Stations	Dis.	Eastward A.M	Eastward P.M
5 05	9 51	SCOTIA	28.6	9 21	4 47
5 25	10 21	5.8 Fairbrook	26.3	9 09	4 27
5 37	10 28	8.7 Penna. Furnace	16.9	8 76	4 15
5 44	10 34	10.6 Hostler f	15.0	8 50	4 08
5 50	10 46	12.3 Marengo f	13.3	8 43	4 01
5 57	10 52	13.5 Loverille f	12.1	8 37	3 55
6 04	10 58	15.2 Furnace Road f	10.4	8 31	3 48
6 08	11 02	15.8 Dungarvin f	9.8	8 27	3 46
6 18	11 16	18.2 Warriors Mark	7.4	8 19	3 39
6 28	11 20	20.5 Pennington	5.1	8 10	3 30
6 40	11 32	23.5 Stover	2.1	7 58	3 1
6 59	11 40	25.6 TYRONE		7 50	3 1

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE RAILROAD,— Time Table, Nov. 24 1890.

Leaves Snow Shoe at 6.45 a m; arrives at Bellefonte at 8.45 a m.

Leaves Bellefonte at 10.30 a m; arrives at Snow Shoe at 12.1[illegible] a m.

Leaves Snow Shoe at 3.00 p m arrives at Bellefonte at 4.50 p m.

Leaves Bellefonte at 5.25 p m, arrives at Snow Shoe at 7.50 p m.

S S BLAIR, General Supt.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE R. R.—BELLEFONTE, KITTANY AND LEMONT R. R. To take effect Nov. 24th, 1890

Dis. Westward a.m.	p.m.		Eastward p.m.	a.m.	a.m.
.0	5.50	2.15	MONTANDON	5.30	9.20	6.45
1.5	6.15	2.25	Ar. LEWISBURG Lv	5.20	9.10	6.35
1.5	6.18	2.25	Lv. LEWISBURG Ar		9.10	6.35
6.4	6.30	2.35	Ploil f		9.00	6.26
6.5	6.35	2.40	Vicksburg f		8.55	6.20
10.7	6.45	2.50	MIFFLINBURG		8.43	6.10
13.1	6.52	2.57	Barber f		8.36	6.0
15.2	6.58	3.03	Swengle f		8.30	4.5
16.1	7.00	3.05	Millmont		8.27	4.5
18.6	7.08	3.14	LAURELTON		8.17	4.46
23.5	7.19	3.25	Pardee f		8.06	4.35
28.9	7.33	3.38	Cherry Run f		7.53	4.22
32.3	7.43	3.48	Paddy Mt. Tunnel f		7.43	4.12
33.9	7.48	3.54	Ingleby f		7.39	4.07
36.6	7.53	4.00	Coburn		7.30	4.00
39.6	8.01	4.08	Zerby f		7.21	3.52
43.4	8.10	4.17	Rising Springs		7.12	3.43
46.2	8.18	4.25	Penn's Cave f		7.05	3.35
49.2	8.24	4.30	CENTRE HALL		6.58	3.28
51.6	8.32	4.37	Gregg f		6.51	3.22
54.6	8.37	4.43	Linden Hall		6.43	3.16
56.7	8.42	4.48	OAK HALL		6.38	3.11
58.3	8.46	4.52	LEMONT		6.34	
60.2	8.51	4.57	Dale Summit f		6.29	
63.9	9.00	5.06	Pleasant Gap f		6.19	
65.2	9.04	5.10	Axeman f		6.14	
67.4	9.10	5.15	BELLEFONTE		6.10	2.45

CHAS E. PUGH ..... General Manager
ROBERT NEILSON ..... General Superintendent
E. B. WESTFALL ..... Superintendent

BELLEFONTE AND BUFFALO RUN RAILROAD.—On and after Wednesday, August 7, 1889, Trains on the Bellefonte and Buffalo Run Railroad will run as follows, leaving the PENN'A RAIL-ROAD STATION.

EASTWARD. No.6 P.M	No.2 A.M	Dis.	STATIONS	WESTWARD Dis.	No.1 A.M	No.5 P.M
6 20	9 10	18.	Ar. BELLEFONTE. Lv	0.	6 00	3 00
6 13	9 03	17.	Scales	1.	6 07	3 03
6 08	8 59	16	Morris	2.	6 11	3 13
6 05	8 54	15.	Whitmer	4.	6 16	3 17
5 59	8 51		Linn		6 19	3 23
5 57	8 48	12.8	Hunters	5.5	6 22	3 26
5 53	8 44	11.2	Fillmore	6.8	9 26	3 30
5 47	8 40	9.5	Briarly	8.5	6 32	3 36
5 43	8 36	8.	Waddles	10.	6 36	3 43
	8 33		Matterns			3 45
	8 25		Stormstown			3 52
	8 19		Red Bank			3 59
5 39	8 09	6.9	Scotia Crossing	11.1	6 46	4 09
5 24	7 25	2.	Krumride	16.	7 00	4
5 20	7 20	0.	LvSTATECOLLEGEAr	18.	7 04	5

Trains will stop at stations marked "F" when signal is given or notice to Conductor.

Train 2 connects with Trains east and west E V R R and S S Branch.

Train 6 connects with Trains east on B E R and the S S Branch.

THOS. A. SHOEMAKER, Supt.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Dec. 24th 1893.

WESTWARD

ERIE MAIL leaves	Philadelphia daily	...	11 25 p m
"	" Harrisburg	" ...	3 30 a m
"	" Williamsport	" ...	7 10 a m
"	" Jersey Shore	" ...	7 32 a m
"	" Lock Haven	" ...	7 47 a m
"	" Renovo	" ...	8 50 a m
"	arrives Erie	" ...	3 40 p m
NIAGRA EXP. leaves	Phil'a week days		8 50 a m
"	" Harrisburg	"	12 15 p m
"	arrives at Williamsport	"	3 05 p
"	" Lock Haven	"	4 10 p m
"	" Renovo	"	5 15 p m
"	" Kane	"	9 15 p m

Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at ..... 5 20 p m

FAST LINE leaves	Philada. week days	...	11 40 a m
"	" Harrisburg	" ...	3 45 p m
"	" Williamsport	" ...	7 10 p m
"	arrives at Lock Haven	" ...	02 p m
"	" Renova	" ...	00 p m
NEWS EXP. leaves	Philadelphia	...	0a m
"	" Harrisburg	...	10 a m
"	" Williamsport	...	11 10 a m
"	" arrives at Lock Haven	...	12 19 p m
WMSPORT EXP. leaves	Philadelphia	...	4 8a m
"	" Harrisburg	...	7 0 m
"	arrive	W'Hamsport	11 p m

EASTWARD

Sea Shore EXP. leaves	Jersey Shore	...	a m
"	" Williamsport	...	15 a m
"	arrives at Harrisburg	...	11 a m
"	" Philadelphia	...	15 p m
DAY EXP. leaves	Kane week days	...	7 15 a m
"	" Renovo	...	10 55 a m
"	" Lock Haven	...	11 40 a m
"	" Williamsport	...	12 50 p m
"	arrives at Harrisburg	...	4 00 p m
"	" Philadelphia	...	7 50 p m
ERIE MAIL leaves	Erie daily	...	2 25 p m
"	" Renovo	...	10 55 p m
"	" Lock Haven	...	11 35 p m
"	" Williamsport	...	12 25 a m
"	arrives at Harrisburg	...	3 2 a m
"	" Philadelphia	...	7 50 a m
RENOVO ACM	leaves Renovo w'd	...	4 30 p m
"	arrives at Harrisburg	...	9 45 p m
"	" Philadelphia	...	4 25 a m
WMSPORT EXP.	leaves Williamsport	...	2 42 a m
"	arrives at Harrisburg	...	5 30 a m
"	"		7 00 a m
"	arrives at Philadelphia	...	10 20 a m

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West, and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with R. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with train on L S & M S R'y at Corry with P & W N R; at Emporium with S, N Y & P R R, and at Driftwood with A V R R.

ROBERT MILLER Gener'l Agt

Bellefonte Republican,

To CORRESPONDENTS.—No communications published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Corespondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

CHAS. L. GATES, - - LESSEE
Editor and Business Manager.

Local Department.

—Oysters.

—Turkey.

—Cranberries.

—Thanksgiving.

—Cider is now in its prime.

—Corn husking still continues.

—Hurrah for Major McKinley!

—Buckwheat cakes and sausage.

—Next week is special court week.

—You can legally shoot rabbits to-day.

—Put your water pipes in order for winter.

—It will now be Wright for Tilden to take a rest.

—Wonder what the people think of protection now?

—A number of drunk men were visible on Tuesday night.

—The Prohibition vote on Tuesday was remarkably small.

—What a great number of "I told you so's there are to-day.

—Last Saturday was a fair sample of an Indian Summer day.

—The election is over and the next will be Thanksgiving Day.

—There is an eclipse of the moon the latter part of this month.

—Turn off the light, now seems to be the motto of Bellefonte councilmen.

—And now Rev. Ziegler bobs up with a geranium plant over eleven feet high.

—The Buffalo Run train was delayed an hour by an accident on Tuesday afternoon.

—Pennsylvania seems to be capturing the large iron contracts for the world's fair buildings.

—Gold is reported to have been found in small quantities on the mountain this side of Snow Shoe.

—The new Evangelical church on Willow Bank street will be dedicated on Sunday, November 22nd.

—Do you see our roosters? They are all of the flock we captured last fall and have been feeding up ever since.

—Frank B. Stover, the butcher, is putting down a new curb and pavement in front of his property on High street.

—Whiskey did not play a very important part in Tuesday's election, although there was a small quantity of it used.

—Now some of the lucky fellows can go to bed with more of a feeling of certanty than they have experienced for weeks.

—Judging from the action taken at council meeting Monday evening the Undine Hose company will soon be obliged to fix up or shut up.

—Every marriageable young lady should now begin to save her pennies. 1892 will be leap year and the expenses will be accordingly heavy.

—The newly elected constitutional convention delegate must feel like goverment employees without a job—they've got the office but nothing to do.

—The State College and Bucknell University foot ball teams will play a league game on the College Campus at Lewisburg on Saturday, November 7th, at 2.30 o'clock p. m.

—Brack Powell was the *Watchman's* champion in Bellefonte at the election on Tuesday in favor of a Constitutional Convention. Brack said the old constitution is quite worn out and he and the *Watchman* want a new one.

—And now that the democrats have kicked Hon. Leonard Rhone out of their party wonder where he will seek a lodging place. Come to think of it, it is pretty hard to be turned out in the cold for no other reason than that of not being willing to support a money grabber and oppressor of the poor.

—It will not now be necessary for anyone to mistake this office for a railroad office or postoffice. Have you noticed the handsome lettering on our windows. The job is one of the nicest and best in town and was done by McSuley, the painter. If you have any lettering or fine painting to do, you should call on McSuley.

—Wild turkeys seem to be plenty on the mountains up Bald Eagle. It is said that a few days ago two sportsmen from Tyrone bagged ten turkeys, and on Monday a gentleman from Bellefonte made a business trip to Port Matilda and thought he would take his gun with him. When he returned in the evening he brought a nice turkey with him which he had shot up in that country.

—There was very little disturbance, no ruffianism, on Saturday evening owing, no doubt, to the general disagreeable state of the weather. Of course the boys observed Hallow e'en by the usual amount of corn throwing, with a few cabbage heads, but so far as now known no damage was done. A few crossings were overturned, gates unhinged, an old wagon upset, etc., but that is about all. The young America of Bellefonte, deserve commendation for confining themselves to such harmless sport.

COUNCIL'S DOINGS.

THE BOROUGH FATHERS HAVE A SPELL OF TURN OFF THE LIGHT.

It was twenty minutes past seven o'clock when President Potter called the council to order and Clerk Isaac Mitchell read the minutes of the previous meeting. Minutes were adopted as read.

A committee from the Undine Hose company appeared asking for their regular annual appropriation; also that a committee of the council meet with the Undine Hose company to fix up the dissatisfaction that at present exists in said company.

Borough Solicitor Clement Dale was present and presented to council for their signatures the petitions asking for the appointment of viewers on the new streets to be opened up in accordance with the ordinances recently passed.

A communication from citizens on Howard street asked for more light on that thoroughfare.

Street committee reported progress. Water committee, ditto. Market committee reported $3.40 market fees collected. Nuisance committee reported progress. Finance committee reported balance due treasurer of $5,061.97.

Messrs. Williams, Jamison and Longacre were appointed a committee to confer with the Undine Hose company as to the advisability of continuing that organization with the present members or disbanding the same and organizing a new company.

Rev. J. W. Koontz, of the Evangelical church presented a request for a crossing from the north side of Willow Bank street to the church; Rev. Koontz agreeing to furnish the stone if the borough would lay the crossing. The same was referred to the street committee for investigation and with power to act.

In the matter of the request of citizens on East Howard street for an arc light on that thoroughfare it was moved and seconded that the light be given. Then arose considerable of a discussion about the advisability of increasing the expense for lighting purposes. The question was called for and on an aye and nay vote the question was lost and East Howard streeters won't get an arc light. Mr. Longacre then moved for a reconsideration of the motion granting an arc light on the corner of Willow Bank street and Reynolds' avenue. Mr. Longacre then moved that the order to put up said light be rescinded. The motion was seconded put to vote and carried so that Willow Bank streeters won't get an extra arc light.

A statement had been prepared by the clerk and handed to the chairman of the Finance committee showing the amount of expenditures from March 19, to October 19, seven months to be nine thousand dollars, exclusive of the new pump and stand pipe which was an additional expense of three thousand, making the total expenditure for the seven months of a little more than twelve thousand dollars.

With the approval of the usual number of bills council adjourned.

LIST OF AMUSEMENTS.

Everybody seems to be wondering when the next attraction will appear in the opera house. There may be one in a week and there may not, as Manager Garman his none contracted before the last week in November. Following we give a list of the attractions which will appear in December and January:

November 26—Sweeney Alvido, Gorman and Goetz's Minstrels.

November 30—Hattie Bernard Chase.

December 5—Gorton's New Orleans Minstrels.

December 14—"She Couldn't marry Three."

December 18—Stetson's Uncle Tom's Cabin.

December 24—Marie Herbert Frohman, in "The Witch."

December 28—Kittie Rhoads one week in repertoire.

January 6—"OFlynn in Mexico.

January 21—His Nibs, the Baron.

January 25—The New Boy Tramp.

January 27—Charles Loder in "Oh, What a Night?"

The above are all good attractions and the amusement loving public are invited to watch the papers of our neighboring towns and see what satisfaction they give.

THE FORCE AGAIN APPLIED.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., November 2.—At 1 o'clock this morning 200 mounted men came in from the mountains and liberated the 200 convicts working in the mines at Oliver Springs. So quietly was it done that the people of this town knew nothing about what had happened until 6 o'clock this morning, when they discovered that the stockade of the lessees was a mass of smoking ruins. All of the short term prisoners were furnished with citizens' clothing, and, with the exception of a few who were captured, all are now at large. This makes more than 500 penitentiary convicts turned loose in that locality.

The governor of the state was here yesterday, but left this morning for Nashville. It was given out after his arrival here that the force of guards at Oliver Springs had been largely increased, and that an attack upon the stockades would be stoutly resisted. It does not appear, however, that there was any resistance at all, and, so far as learned, no one was hurt. The wildest rumors prevail, one which is that the miners will immediately proceed to Tracy City and released the convicts there. There is now no well-founded evidence of this but no one can tell what the end is to be.

THE EXTRA SESSION.

HARRISBURG, October 30.—In the absence of Lieutenant Governor Watres, President pro tem Gobin presided this morning over the Senate.

Senator Grady at once introduced a resolution to the effect that on the conclusion of to-day's business the Senate should adjourn until Wednesday next at 8 o'clock. Several Democratic members urged a longer recess, but the original motion was carried.

The entire morning and a goodly portion of the afternoon was occupied by the argument of Mr. Sulzberger, attorney for the nine Philadelphia magistrates accused in Governor Pattison's second proclamation of malfeasance in office. Mr. Sulzberger, confined himself to question of jurisdiction and constitutionality. He held that the very wording of the proclamation calling for the extra session proved if carefully analyzed, that the Governor himself viewed it in the light of judicial business.

The rights of the Executive were carefully discussed, and the conclusion drawn by Mr. Sulzberger was that he had far exceeded his authority in assembling the Senate of Pennsylvania in the present extraordinary session.

THEIR LAST DAY.

GETTYSBURG, Oct. 29 [SPECIAL].—The State College cadets where kept on the move all day. The usual dress parade took place at 8 o'clock, followed immediately by guard mount. Captain Stephenson was officer of the guard.

At 9 o'clock the captains marched their respective companies to the Seminary Ridge, near Reynold's Grove, and gave them a through drill, under supervision of Captain Kessler, the senior cadet officer. At 3 o'clock Lieutenant Wolf ordered the command out for battalion drill, and continued the instruction steadily for an hour.

At 4.40 Centre Square was crowded with people to witness the final dress parade. Adjutant Loyd formed the line and photographers took a picture of the battalion. Lieutenant Wolf himself reviewed parade, put it through the manual of arms and then dismissed it.

Professor McKee, vice-president of State College, came yesterday and was present at parade this morning after which he left for home.

ENTERPRISING COAL OPERATORS.

Mr. James L. Mitchell, of Tyrone, who operates the Gallitzin Coal & Coke Company's mine in this place, and, Mr. John Lloyd, of Altoona, who is engaged in the coal business at Delaney, have purchased the lease of the Beech Grove Coal Company at the east side of the tunnel and propose to make some extensive improvements. They will in the near future erect fifty new ovens and start an entry through the mountain which will be a mile long, and the coal will be drawn by chain. This will open up a large body of coal, all of which can be drained by way of the Gallitzin Coal & Coke Co.'s mine on the west side of the hill. Mr. Mitchell has been in the coal business for years and is one of the largest and most successful operators in the district. Mr. Lloyd has also been in the business as an extensive operator for years, so that we can look for good results from the new firm which has both the means and grit to push the new enterprise, which will be of great benefit to the people of this community.—Gallitzin Vindicator.

A PLEASANT SURPRISE.

A very pleasant surprise party of about thirty-five young ladies and gentlemen assembled at the home of Mr. Lawrence Fusser on Willow Bank St. Thursday evening. This joyful gtahering was a surprise for Mr. Joe, a son of Mr. Fusser and was gotten up by his sister Kate. After engaging in the delightful business of taffy making, they were then served with a delicious repast, consisting of fruit and other delicacies, which belong to a good square meal. At the termination of their refreshments they engaged in a host of games in which all participated. The time came all too soon to go home, and everyone retired feeling that they had enjoyed a pleasant evening.

KILLED BY A FALL OF ROCKS.

Mike Guito, a Hungarian coal digger, employed at Baltic mine, and who also kept the boarding house at the latter place was killed on Monday by a premature fall of rock, which struck him on the head and resulted in almost instant death, a companion, another Hungarian, also receiving injuries, but which were not of a serious character. The mine inspector made a thorough examination of the cause of the accident and exonerated the company from all blame.

The funeral of the unfortunate man occurred the next morning, his remains having been buried in the Greek Catholic cemetery near Osceola.

—On Monday morning Mr. James Whittaker, while in the discharge of his duty as freight conductor on the railroad, met with a most painful accident, He was in the act of making a coupling and in some way or other the link slipped and flew up striking Mr. Whittaker on the nose, breaking the bone of that most useful member of one's anatomy. The injury is not a serious one and we trust it will not be many days until Mr. W. will have entirely recovered from it.

HELD FOR COURT,

PITTSBURGH POST PEOPLE GIVEN A HEARING ON SATURDAY.

PITTSBURGH, November 1.—The hearing in Senator Quay's criminal libel suit against Albert J. Barr, president, and James Mills, editor of the Pittsburg Post, for the Bardsley certificate of deposit and editorial comments thereon, was held before Alderman McMasters yesterday afternoon. Little of importance, however, was developed at the hearing. In each case the attorneys for Senator Quay objected to what were termed irrelevant questions. The plaintiff was represented by Hon. Thomas M. Marshall, E. A. Montooth, and John S. Robb. The defendants by Willis F. McCook and D. T. Watson.

After being sworn Senator Quay pronounced the statements false in every particular. On cross-examination he denied having received $8,877 from John Bardsley. He said there was no consideration between Bardsley and himself: he had no business transaction with Bardsley; he received certificate from David Martin, of Philadelphia, and the certificate was given him by the latter in exchange for a note. He did not know the discount. Senator Quay then exhibited the check, which was made payable to Dave Martin fo $9,000. "I don't know why it was indorsed over to John Bardsley, if it was," he said.

Then followaed number of questions about the certificate and how he came to get it, all of which has been published. Several other questions were put to the witness, but they were objected to by plaintiff's counsel and sustained by the alderman. The alderman then rendered his decision, holding the defendants for trial at the December term of court in $1,000 bail each. Bondsmen were secured and the hearing adjourned. Counsel for Mr. Quay said the civil suit against the Post for $100,000 damages would not be entered before Monday.

AN IRISH BOY'S LUCK.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct, 29,—Six months ago Robert Acton came to Buffalo. He had graduated from a school in Cork, Ireland, and he applied for a position as clerk in several of the leading drygoods stores here, but he met with no success, and after repeated attempts to obtain a position he was at last obliged to engage as a common dock laborer. Here he has worked for the past five months at $1 per day and has boarded at a low sailor's boarding-house.

Actor is a bright fellow and his great strength won for him the title of "Hercules." To-night he left Buffalo and went to New York and to-morrow he will leave for Yale college, where he will attend school. The circumstances of his going is interesting. Acton was a member of a football team in England and in his possession he has several medals he has won for good work on the football ground. The students at Yale heard that Actor was in Buffalo and proposed to him that he attend college at their expense and play in their football team. He accepted the terms and a draft for $300 was sent to him yesterday. He is elated over his good fortune.

STEAMSHIPS IN COLLISION.

NORFOLK, Va., October 30.—This morning at 3.50 o'clock, while the United States steamer Fern was ten miles off Timber light, she was in collision with the steamship Iago. One of the Fern's officers says: "Captain Ivors was in command of the Fern and Mate Callader had charge of the deck at the time of the collision. The only light seen on the steamer was that at the masthead. Whistles were exchanged, but the two vessels came together, the Fern being struck on the port quarter, smashing in the steering gear and the captain's cabins, but no damage was sustained below the water line. The steamer laid by the Fern, but as she needed no assistance, the English vessel continued on her course, and the Fern, after temporarily repairing the damages and patching up a little, put back here for repairs and arrived at the yard at about 8.20 o'clock.

ESCAPED BY JUMPING.

VICKSBURG, Miss., October 30.—The rescued passengers and crew of the ill-fated steamer Oliver Bierne reached this city last evening. Captain Thorwegen says the ringing of the bells on the boat gave him the first intimation of the fire. He immediately ran on deck, and, being prevented by the flames from getting aft, devoted his attention to awakening the people in the forward part. The flames spread so rapidly that the boat was nearly all ablaze in a few minutes. Captain Thorwegen escaped by jumping from the roof to the boiler deck, and dropping from there to the lower deck. When Mrs. M. E. Waddell was picked up from the water near Duckport, La., she not having been seen until then, she was alive, but died soon after from exhaustion. She was wealthy, resided in St. Louis, and was 32 years old.

ANOTHER DISASTER.

Philip Bradley, a resident of Cold Stream, who has been employed for six years as a coal digger in Pardee Mine, No 1 was almost instantly killed this afternoon by a premature fall of rock, while at his accustomed work. About three tons of rock fell on him, mashing his head and inflicting other fatal wounds. The unfortunate man was aged 60 years, and leaves a wife and ten children to mourn his untimely death. He was a hard-working, kind-hearted man, and his death, especially the sad manner in which it was brought about, will be a severe blow to his family and friends, who have the sympathy of the entire community.—Thursdays' Philipsburg *Journal*.

Personal Pencilings.

Miss Anna Beck, of Lock Haven, is visiting friends in this county.

Mrs. Anthony Knoff, of Oak Hall, was a visitor in Bellefonte to-day.

Mrs. F. Frank Adams, of Milesburg, is visiting friends in Philipsburg.

Miss Esther Hannah, of Howard visited friends in Bellefonte on Monday.

J. C. Meyer, Esq., is in the eastern part of the state making political speeches.

Mr. Walter W. Bayard came home from Washington, D. C., on Monday evening.

Mr. William Stover, of Aaronsburg, was an arrival in Bellefonte on Monday evening.

Mr. J. Milton Furey and family, of Lock Haven, spent the Sunday in Bellefonte.

Mr. J. G. Gramley, the Spring Mills creamery man, was in Bellefonte on Wednesday.

Ex-Recorder "Billy" Tobias came up from Millheim on Tuesday evening to get the returns.

Mr. E. C. Humes and his son, William P. Humes, departed on Wednesday evening for Philadelphia.

Ex-Commissioner John D. Decker was in Bellefonte on Wednesday transacting business of a purely personal nature.

Mr. David Glenn and family depart today for Woodward where they will make their home for an indefinite period.

Mr. Harvey Williams, of Lemont, had a leg broken a few days ago while in the act of getting on a wagon while it was in motion.

Col. J. L. Spangler and wife returned to Bellefonte from Hastings on monday after noon. They will spend a few days in Bellefonte.

Mr. Theo. Corwin who has been visiting friends in Howard and Bellefonte for the past week, departed for his home in Renovo this morning.

Miss Mary Barrows, of Lock Haven, but who is well known in Bellefonte, has gone to New York City where she will make her future home.

Mr. Harry G. DeSylvia, of this place, has accepted a position as manager of Belding's Kindergarden Company. To-day the company is in Merridan, Conn., and tomorrow in Ansonnia, Conn.

Miss Carrie Gross, one of Bellefonte's bright young ladies who has been attending a college of short-hand and typewriting in Williamsport, has completed her course and returned home Monday evening on the 5.20.

Dr. T. R. and Mrs. Hayes will depart on Monday of next week for Harrisburg where they will visit friends. From Harrisburg they go to Philadelphia and Washington and from the latter place they will go to Florida, where they will spend the winter.

Mr. James Reed and wife, of Washington, D. C., arrived in Bellefonte on Saturday and will visit friends in this place during the next ten days. Mr. Reed has severved his connection with the postoffice department and has accepted a similar position in the department of the Interior.

Mrs. George B. Jack and her son Charles, formerly of Boalsburg, this county, but now of Rushville, Neb., and also Mrs. Lizzie Armstrong, of Salt Lake City, U. T., daughter of the former lady, are visiting friends in Centre county. They are at present sojourning at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. John T. Johnston, on Linn street, in this place.

Mrs. Ada Yochum, of Rebersburg, arrived in Bellefonte on Monday on a visit to her parents Treasurer J. J. and Mrs. Gramley. Our readers will probably remember Mrs. Yochum as the lady who met with a painful accident a couple months ago by which she sustained a broken limb. And the injured member had not got properly healed until she again fell and sprained it. She will probably remain in Bellefonte for some time.

WHAT A VAST COUNTRY.

An exchange has called attention to the fact that the area of the United States is very nearly equal to that of all Europe, which has a population of 357,000,000. The State of Texas alone has a greater area than either Germany or Austria, whose populations are respectively 49,000,000 and 41,000.000. If that State were as densely settled as Massachusetts it would hold nearly 70,000,000, as much as France and Great Britain together. The area of the middle Atlantic States is a little in excess of that of Italy, and with a population as dense as that of Massachusetts could find room for all the Italian people.

SUICIDE AT BELLWOOD.

Mrs. Benjamin Halfpenny, an aged lady of Bellwood, was found drowned this morning in a shallow stream near the depot at that place. She had retired last night as usual, and it is supposed that she afterward arose and went to the stream where she committed suicide by deliberately lying down in the water. Ill health had lately caused her to be despondent and is likely to have led to this culminating deed. The deceased lady was a widow and had resided with her daughter in Bellwood for many years.

Economy: "100 Doses One Dollar."
Merit: "Peculiar to itself."
Purity: Hood's Sarsaparilla.

A GOOD STORY.

HOW JUDGE ORVIS CHANGED A SPEECH FOR HASTINGS TO ONE FOR WALLACE.

Philadelphia Inquirer.

A good story is told of Judge Orvis, who is engaged as counsel in the Boyer and McCamant cases. The judge was sick at his Centre county home last year and was confined to his bed for several weeks Just before the Republican State Conventi the judge was called upon by Gene Hastings, who was then a candidate Governor.

"Reach me that portfolio," said the judge, indicating from his sick bed an ol geography filled with papers.

The General did as he was requested.

"I have been amusing myself getting u a speech for you, and the man who places your name in nomination must use it i the convention," said the judge, opening the book and selecting a page or two of letter paper, closely written.

"All right, Judge, let's hear it," said Hastings, and the judge began to read as follows.

"Mr. President and Gentlemen of the Convention: I am not imbued with any supernatural powers and and capacities I can not scent the violet, paint the lily nor gild refined gold. I cannot eulogize a man, and mention of whose name," etc and then followed a glowing eulogy of Hastings.

Nothing more was said of the speech. Hastings was placed in romination, but the Judges address was not on hand at the convention. Shortly afterwards the Democrats had their gathering at Scranton, and the contestants were Wallace and Pattison. Hastings was in New York at the time, and the morning after the convention he picked up a paper and read the account of the proceedings. When nominations were called for, a gentleman arose, walked down the aisle and mounted the platform. It was Judge Orvis. He turned to the president, and, bowing, said:

"Mr. President and Gentlemen of the Convention: I am not imbued with any supernatural powers and capacities. I cannot scent the violet, paint the lily nor gild refiined gold. I cannot eulogize a man, the mention of whose name, etc.

The persual of the address rather took Hasting's breath away. Meeting Judge Orvis a few days later, Hastings remarked upon the similarity of the speeches.

"Yes," said the Judge. "It was too good a one to lose, so I just scratched the name of Hastings and inserted that of Wallace and wherever there was mention of Republicanism, I placed Democracy and let her go."

LIST OF PATENTS

Granted to Pennsylvania inventors this week. Reported by C. A. Snow & Co Opp. U. S. Patent Office, Washington, D. C. Solicitors os Americau & Foreign Patents.

E S Shimer, Milton, Typewriter. J A F Svenson, Plotter. E W Van Brunt, Scranton, Lightning arrester. E S Ven Horn, Wilkes-Barre, Steam engine valve-gear. J Pollock, Wilks-Barre, Pump. J A Potter, Munhall, Crane. F Rasner, Bangor, Chimney-top. H A Runkle, Reading, Drip cup for umbrellas. W A Miksch, Philipsburg, Making enameled brick. J S Miller, Erie, Lumber edger. J L Mussina, Lewisberry, Whiffletree hook. H C Hinchman, Johnstown, Dental mallet. F Koskul, Williamsport, Oranamenting pile fabrics. J Eisenhart, Bethlehem, Velocipede. J E Emerson, Beaver Falls, Wire mat. W. A. Graham, Carlisle, Steam engine governor. O F Grant, Pittsburg, Portable shower-bath. W Bullock, Centralia, Coal drill. M L Byers New Castle, Rail-frog lock. M C Dav Lancaster, Garbage furnace J W Alfre Pittsburg, Lifting Jack.

Experts Agree that

PERFECT and uniform success in making finest food is more certain with Royal Baking Powder than with any other. Use it in every receipt calling for baking powder, or for cream of tartar and soda, and the lightest, purest, most wholesome and appetizing food is assured.

MARION HARLAND: "I regard the Royal Baking Powder as the best in the market. Since it introduction into my kitchen have used no other."

MISS MARIA PARLOA: "It seems to me that Royal Baking Powder is as good as any can be. I have used it a great deal, and always with great satisfaction."

MRS. BAKER, Principal of Washington, D. C., School of Cookery: "I say to you, without hesitation, use the 'Royal.' I have tried all, but the Royal is the most satisfactory."

M. GORJU, late *Chef*, Delmonico's, New-York: "In my use o Royal Baking Powder, I have found it superior to all others."

A. FORTIN, *Chef*, White House, for Presidents Arthur and Cleveland: "I have tested many baking powders, but for finest food can use none but 'Royal.'"